

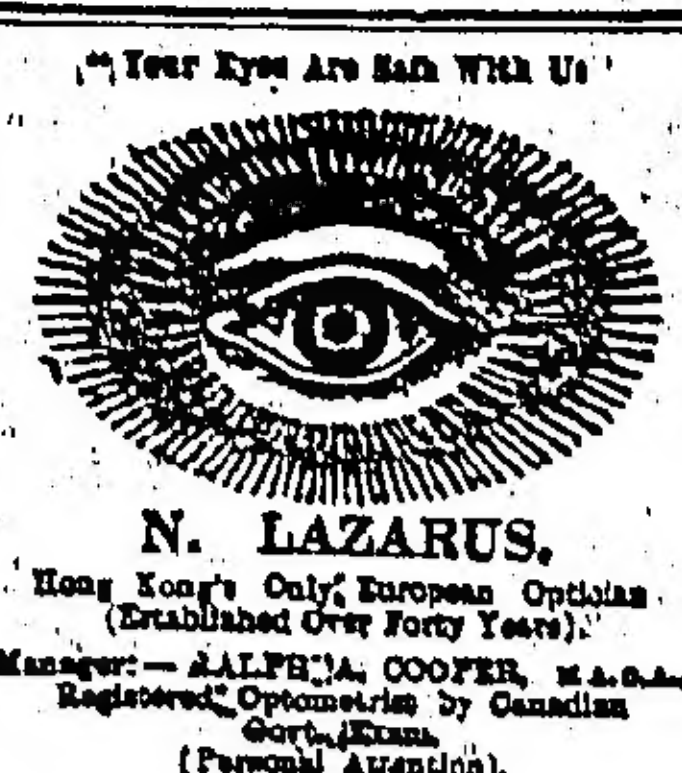
MASON'S
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SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

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87 Swans
Managing Director



No. 22,155 號伍拾伍百壹千貳萬式第 日陸拾月陸年巳己 HONG KONG, MONDAY, JULY 22, 1929.

登拜禮 日貳廿月柒年九廿百九仟壹英

PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

On and after April 9th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous Time Tables cancelled).

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Kowloon Dep.	6.40	7.05	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	9.10	9.35	10.00	10.25	10.50	11.15	11.40	12.05	12.30	12.55	1.20	1.45	2.10	2.35	3.00	3.25	3.50	4.15
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	6.48	7.13	7.38	8.03	8.28	8.53	9.18	9.43	10.08	10.33	10.58	11.23	11.48	12.13	12.38	13.03	13.28	13.53	14.18	14.43	15.08	15.33	15.58	16.23
Shatin Dep.	7.01	7.26	7.51	8.16	8.41	9.06	9.31	9.56	10.21	10.46	11.11	11.36	12.01	12.26	12.51	13.16	13.41	14.06	14.31	14.56	15.21	15.46	16.11	16.36
Tai Po Dep.	7.13	7.38	8.03	8.28	8.53	9.18	9.43	10.08	10.33	10.58	11.23	11.48	12.13	12.38	13.03	13.28	13.53	14.18	14.43	15.08	15.33	15.58	16.23	16.48
Market Dep.	7.20	7.45	8.10	8.35	8.60	8.85	9.10	9.35	9.60	9.85	10.10	10.35	10.60	10.85	11.10	11.35	11.60	11.85	12.10	12.35	12.60	12.85	13.10	13.35
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	9.10	9.35	9.60	9.85	10.10	10.35	10.60	10.85	11.10	11.35	11.60	11.85	12.10	12.35	12.60	12.85	13.10	13.35	13.60	13.85
Sheung-shui Dep.	7.35	8.10	8.35	9.10	9.35	10.10	10.35	10.60	10.85	11.10	11.35	11.60	11.85	12.10	12.35	12.60	12.85	13.10	13.35	13.60	13.85	14.10	14.35	14.60
Sham-chun Arr.	7.41	8.16	8.41	9.16	9.41	10.16	10.41	10.66	10.91	11.16	11.41	11.66	11.91	12.16	12.41	12.66	12.91	13.16	13.41	13.66	13.91	14.16	14.41	14.66
Canton Arr.	7.48	8.23	8.48	9.23	9.48	10.23	10.48	10.73	10.98	11.23	11.48	11.73	11.98	12.23	12.48	12.73	12.98	13.23	13.48	13.73	13.98	14.23	14.48	14.73

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 P.M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Canton Dep.	8.10	8.35	8.60	8.85	9.10	9.35	9.60	9.85	10.10	10.35	10.60	10.85	11.10	11.35	11.60	11.85	12.10	12.35	12.60	12.85	13.10	13.35	13.60	13.85
Shumohai Dep.	7.17	7.42	8.07	8.32	8.57	9.22	9.47	9.72	9.97	10.22	10.47	10.72	10.97	11.22	11.47	11.72	11.97	12.22	12.47	12.72	12.97	13.22	13.47	13.72
Sheungshui Dep.	7.25	7.50	8.15	8.40	8.65	8.90	9.15	9.40	9.65	9.90	10.15	10.40	10.65	10.90	11.15	11.40	11.65	11.90	12.15	12.40	12.65	12.90	13.15	13.40
Fanning Dep.	7.30	7.55	8.20	8.45	8.70	8.95	9.20	9.45	9.70	9.95	10.20	10.45	10.70	10.95	11.20	11.45	11.70	11.95	12.20	12.45	12.70	12.95	13.20	13.45
Tai Po Market Dep.	7.40	8.05	8.30	8.55	9.20	9.45	9.70	9.95	10.20	10.45	10.70	10.95	11.20	11.45	11.70	11.95	12.20	12.45	12.70	12.95	13.20	13.45	13.70	13.95
Shatin Dep.	7.44	8.19	8.44	9.09	9.34	9.59	9.84	10.09	10.34	10.59	10.84	11.09	11.34	11.59	11.84	12.09	12.34	12.59	12.84	13.09	13.34	13.59	13.84	14.09
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	7.57	8.22	8.47	9.02	9.27	9.52	9.77	10.02	10.27	10.52	10.77	11.02	11.27	11.52	11.77	12.02	12.27	12.52	12.77	13.02	13.27	13.52	13.77	14.02
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	8.42	8.67	8.92	9.17	9.42	9.67	9.92	10.17	10.42	10.67	10.92	11.17	11.42	11.67	11.92	12.17	12.42	12.67	12.92	13.17	13.42	13.67	13.92

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From Macao: 8.00 A.M. "SUI AN" (Sundays Excepted).
2.00 P.M. "SUI AN" do. 2.30 P.M. "SUI TAI" (Sundays Excepted).

EXCURSION TO MACAO:-

On SUNDAY, 23rd JULY, S.S. "SUI TAI"
Will depart from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf at 9 A.M., and from Macao at 5.00 P.M.

SENATOR MARCONI SEES A VISION.

BIGGER FUTURE FOR WIRELESS.

"MOVIES" TO BE TRANSMITTED INTO HOMES.

HOW THE INVENTOR MADE HIS DISCOVERY.

[UNITED PRESS.]

A ray of sunshine chanced to strike a small mirror held in the hands of a youth of genius some forty years ago in "sunny Italy." As a result of this seemingly common occurrence, ten years later and for the first time, a ship at sea in distress was enabled to summon help with an S.O.S.

The story was told to the United Press correspondent by a quiet, modest and unassuming Italian gentleman whose name is now synonymous with wireless. It was during an exclusive interview in which after predicting almost fantastic development in the science of wireless telegraphy, including the future wireless transmission of light, power and heat, moving pictures and television, he, Senator Guglielmo Marconi, described how he came to discover wireless telegraphy.

Tells of His Discovery.

"It was really quite simple," he commenced as though, instead of describing one of the greatest inventions in the history of the world, he were relating the story of why a chicken crosses the road.

"Like almost every boy," he continued simply, "I used to catch rays of sunshine on a mirror and he paused and smiled significantly, then added, 'well, you know as well as I do all the fun that one can have with a mirror and a little sunshine, don't you?'"

"But to me there was something more in it than sheer amusement. To me this reflection of light waves in the form of the sun's rays, meant an ideal way of transmitting signals to my friends. I put the idea into practice. Soon I was able to 'converse' with my friends at a distance by means of flashing sun rays."

A Cloudy Day.

"But one day clouds hid the sun from view and as a result my signalling activities were temporarily interrupted. Indeed I realized then for the first time that this method of communication was imperfect. And from that time on I set my mind upon the problem of discovering a way to make up for the defects of the system."

"Inasmuch as clouds or darkness prohibited the transmission of light waves emitted by the sun, I decided to use Hertzian waves which are available at all times, night or day, whether the sun shines or not."

"That, as you probably know," he added simply, "is what resulted in the invention of wireless telegraphy."

The Senator spoke in perfect English. His tone is gentle. His manner quiet. Reclining comfortably in his armchair in a vast office at Marconi House in the Strand, he might have almost been mistaken for a college professor lecturing to a class of history.

Enthusiastic Over Future.

Only when the correspondent asked him what future he visualized for his invention, did the Senator slightly relinquish his calm manner and wax enthusiastic.

"Wireless has a very great future indeed," he commenced, and then began to enumerate its possibilities:

"I should say that the next step in the development of wireless will be the transmission of moving pictures into peoples' homes. I believe that we shall be ready to accomplish this within the next year or two. Then too, wireless television will come. This, however, is still far off."

Asked whether he thought he would ever succeed in making wireless transmissions absolutely secret, the Senator declared that already, owing to the great speed (about 100 words per minute) at which messages were transmitted unauthorized receivers get only a "formidable jumble of sounds" which is quite unintelligible.

Amateurs, he explained further, would be prevented from installing the proper apparatus enabling them to disentangle the "jumble" (1) On account of the prohibitive cost of the apparatus required; (2) Because governments only were empowered to license such stations, and would not do so; (3) Because this apparatus would be very difficult to work unless the user secured information from the sender enabling him to "tune" his set to the right pitch.

Problem of Secrecy.

"In fact," he added, "I would go as far as saying that to-day it is easier to tap landlines than it would be to tap the wireless."

He was not so interested, for the present at least, in the problem of secrecy, he said, as he was in the improving of transmission.

"Now we have succeeded in transmitting the waves across oceans, we must get them to work unimpeded, regardless of atmospheric conditions. When I leave for my next experimental trip in June, I shall conduct investigations along these lines from my yacht."

When asked what in his opinion was the greatest benefit that had accrued to humanity through the use of his discovery, he said it was the fact that by means of wireless and broadcasting the peoples of the world had been and were still being brought closer together.

Man's Superiority.

"Man's great superiority over animals," he said, "is that he can communicate with his fellows by speech. And anything which tends to increase this facility for instant inter-communication tends, in my opinion, to uplift human nature."

He added that if only on account of thousands of spontaneous demonstrations of gratitude which many people, including humble seamen and their families, had sent him after their lives or the lives of some loved ones had been saved at sea by wireless, he was "optimistic as to human nature." He has, he said, filed all these "touching tributes" away.

He said that perhaps among the tributes he has received, the one which he values most, is the gold tablet which was presented to him in New York by the survivors of the Titanic.

"Feeling Good."

"Such acts of gratitude," he said, "have always touched me profoundly, and have made me feel good."

Asked to say just exactly how he felt when, for the first time, he learned that life had been saved at sea through his discovery, the Senator replied:

"I hope this answer will not disappoint you, but frankly, I was so very convinced that lives would be saved as soon as I had succeeded in perfecting my invention, that although naturally when I learned my dream had come true it was, nevertheless, only a 'confirmatory emotion.'"

"In other words, it was the ordinary emotion of one who has saved the life of a fellow human being. It simply meant that I had been enabled to do my duty as a human being and that things had turned out just as they should."

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Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.
(July 22.)

Water Polo League, Meeting,
V.R.C., 3.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Strong Boy."
World Theatre: "Riders of the
Dark."
Star Theatre: "Out all Night."
Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay
Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30
p.m.
Tides:—High: 9.04 a.m. and 11.39
p.m.; Low: 2.40 a.m. and 4.43 p.m.
European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Siberia (Hakusan
Maru) 10.30 a.m.

Tuesday.
(July 23.)

Property Auction (22 and 24
Lyndhurst Terrace) Lamert Bros.,
3 p.m.
Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15
p.m.
Billiards League:—C. and P.O.'s
Club v. Police Reserves, Somerset
v. Buffalo Club, Royal Engineers
v. K.O.S.B., Garrison Mess v. St.
Patrick's, Royal Artillery v. Police

Queen's Theatre: "True Heaven."
World Theatre: "The Belle of
Broadway."
Star Theatre: "The Auction
Block."
Tides:—High: 9.36 p.m.; Low:
2.18 a.m. and 5.18 p.m.
Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay
Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30
p.m.
European Mails:—Outward:
Europe via Victoria, B.C. (Pres.
McKinley), 8.30 a.m.; Europe via
Marseilles (Indomeneus), 2.30 p.m.;
Europe via San Francisco (Siberia
Maru), 6 p.m.

Wednesday.
(July 24.)

Hong Kong Amusements, Ltd.,
annual general meeting, Queen's
Theatre, noon.
Queen's Theatre: "True Heaven."
World Theatre: "The Belle of
Broadway."
Star Theatre: "The Auction
Block."
Dinner Dances: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.
Tides:—High: 12.06 a.m. and
10.10 a.m.; Low: 3.34 a.m. and 5.50
p.m.

Thursday.
(July 25.)

St. James.
Reception on board a.s. Tijbadak,
3 to 5 p.m.
Y.M.C.A. Social evening, fare-
well to Mr. P. Sands, 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Casanova,"
Prince of Adventurers.
World Theatre: "Square Crooks."
Star Theatre: "The Boxer
Bride."
Tea Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.
Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay
Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30
4.30 p.m.
Tides:—High: 12.39 a.m. and
10.47 p.m.; Low: 4.29 a.m. and 6.25
p.m.

Friday.
(July 26.)

Christian Fellowship Meeting,
Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Casanova,"
Prince of Adventurers.
World Theatre: "Square Crooks."
Star Theatre: "The Boxer
Bride."
Tea Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.
Dinner Dances: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30



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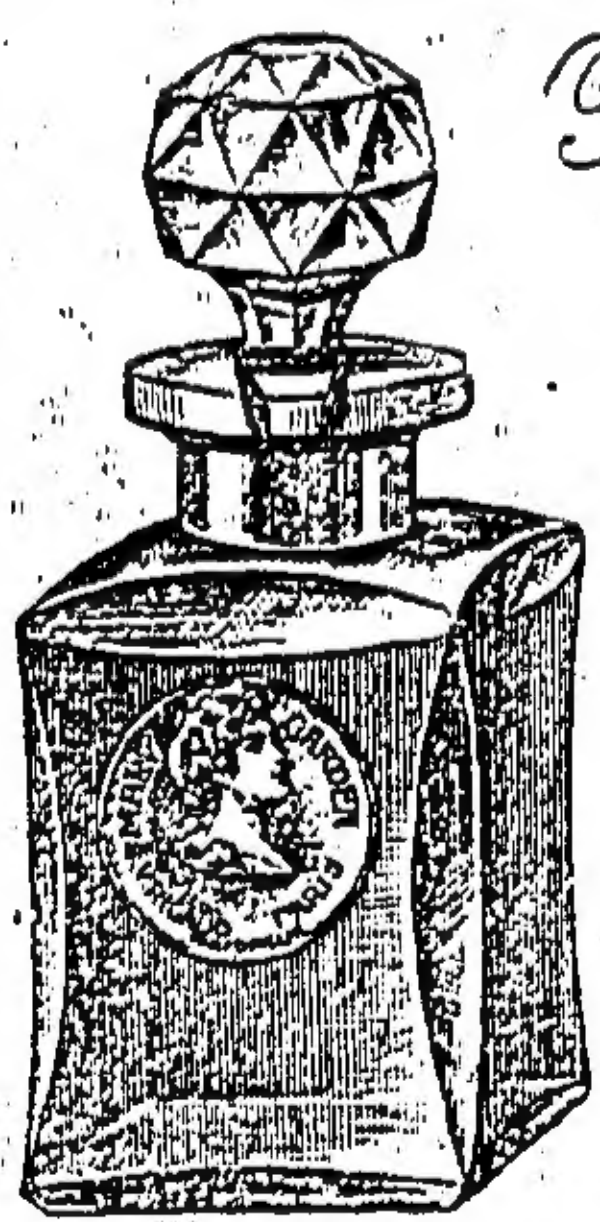
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**THE OFFICIAL LIST FOR
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A General Post Office notification,
issued on Saturday, gives the
following particulars with regard
to unclaimed correspondence, etc.,
waiting at the Post Office, and also
unclaimed radio telegrams at the
Radio Telegraph Office:—

Postal Correspondence.

J. Aslock, Bakhtawar Singh,
Margaret Carter, China Radio Co.,
China Indenting Co., H. A. G.
Clark, T. J. Dwyer, R. Darnell,
R. W. Fitzwilliam, Louis Gorris,
Rev. C. Gueris, G. Houston, R.
Hickens, Capt. D. S. Harvey, L.
W. Heinicke, B. Itallier, R. M.
Jameson, Capt. Day Kearney (s.s.
Gogovale), A. L. King, Larif Khan,
J. Lazarus, Rev. W. Manna, Mlle.
A. May, J. J. Mantier (Dir. Gen. of
Rail Road), A. H. Nark, M.
Namias, W. E. Priestley, R. C.
Paulet, R. S. Pigott, C. Ritter,
Aimee de Rosa, E. Rara, Mr. and
Mrs. L. O. Ross, S. W. Smith, J.
Turville, Miss E. Tasker, Charles
True, H. B. Williams, W. M.
Wyeth, Whiskens.

Unpaid Correspondence.

J. S. Flaks, A. Hitchcock, Manro-
de la Rosa.

Registered Articles.

Matias Ayon, J. T. Brainerd, W.
W. Brotherton, S. S. Blinds, Boris
Bogoroditsky, Mons. Durand, Isao
Kidoike, M. Marche-Marchade,
Mlle. A. May, R. S. Moore, W. E.
McKenney, Messrs. L. Pingamali,
J. M. Rowan (s.s. Baron-Minto),
L. Roban, Peter Tester, General
Wu Chung Dok.

**UNCLAIMED RADIO
TELEGRAMS.**

Address.	From.
Chungwo	Batavia.
6019	Tainan.
1707	Taihou.
1707	Taihou.
Ascension	Haiphong.
3018, 3533, 3153, 3236, 3336	
3333	Suncheon.
1707	Tainoku.
6234	Canton.
Arsenio, 23, Jordan Road,	
Kowloon	Marao.
1795, 5534, 6870, 1660,	
1628	Suncheon.
Cahalue Lancerawford, Kweiyang,	
7559, 7105, 2070, 7108, 2502	
2569	Canton.
5019	Taihou.
0371, 3932, 0005, 5714, 2302,	
3225, 0007, 5594, 0003,	
3553	Haitow.
Wahree, 275, Fong Road	Saigon.
Bahin, 4th Floor, 144,	
Haiphong Street,	
Yaumati	Soerabaja.
Taisan, ground floor, 8,	
Chemato Monkok	Sandakan.
3057, 6524, 5584, 3141,	
6008	Swabne.
2585	Haiphong.
Touhang	Macao.
Linsic	Batavia.
Hiphongjan	San Francisco.
Young, 41 Hume St., Ipak	
Perak	Anking.
Kwokkwanhing Nagon	Saigon.
Lylatchiu, 26 Ruephouhou	Lackay.

**JUDGE AND DIVORCE
BARGAIN.**

"CANNOT IMAGINE WORSE
CASE."

Before Mr. Justice Bateson in the
Divorce Court recently Mr. William
Edward Goldman, manager of a
tourist agency of Anerley Grove,
Upper Norwood, petitioned for the
dissolution of his marriage with
Mabel Elizabeth Goldman in the
ground of her alleged adultery with
Mr. Thomas W. Bolt, her cousin,
cited as co-respondent, at two ad-
dresses in Brixton.

Mrs. Goldman answered with a
denial and cross-charged her hus-
band with "conduct conducive" to
adultery, collusion, and connivance.
He denied these allegations, but ad-
mitted an allegation of adultery in
1911, and asked for the discretion of
the Court in respect of this one
lapse. The co-respondent took no
part in the case.

After evidence by Mrs. Coleman
the judge said that the petition
failed. He could not imagine a
worse case of connivance, collusion,
and conduct conducive to the ad-
ultery of the respondent and co-
respondent.

"Dangerous Method."

The parties, he said, were mar-
ried in June, 1909. Differences arose
in December, 1921, and under a
deed of separation the husband
allowed his wife £1 a week. In 1925
the husband was minded to get a
divorce, and a bargain was made
that the wife should go away with
Mr. Bolt (the co-respondent) to
Horne Bay and commit adultery with
him and send a letter giving her
husband information to enable him
to put a case and secure a divorce.
There was evidence that after
that date in 1925 the wife had lived
(Continued on next column).

**EXPERIMENTS TO MAKE
RAIN.**

THE GREAT WAR AND THE
WEATHER.

Referring to the drought in Hong
Kong and to Air Force pilots,
dropped powdered kaolin on the
clouds, in the hope of persuading
them to shed rain, the Meteorologi-
cal Correspondent of the *Observer*
confirms the view expressed in the
Daily Press when the experiments
were proposed. The writer in the
London paper says the failure of
the attempt to bring rain should
not be surprising, in view of the
scanty measure of success that has
attended similar experiments in the
past. From the earliest times man
has sought in vain to master the
elements; rain-making was among
the feats essayed by primitive
magicians, whose usual practice was
to mutter incantations from inou-
tensates; at a later stage ex-
plosives were often employed with
the object of "shattering the
clouds"; and, finally, the resources
of modern chemistry and aviation
have been called into play.

It is only within quite recent
years that the basic physical facts
of rainfall formation have become
well understood. Meteorologists are
now agreed that thermo-dynamical
cooling, brought about by the ver-
tical movements of air masses, can
alone produce the necessary con-
densation of water vapour. Nature
operates to this end through the
medium of a vast and extremely
complex heat engine, in which the
circulating fluid is the atmosphere,
with its moisture drawn from the
ocean, and the furnace is the sun.
Her processes are conducted on so
gigantic a scale that man's mightiest
efforts seem by comparison puny in
the extreme. To bring down the
trifling amount of one-hundredth of
an inch of rain over an area of
one hundred square miles, a body
of air containing 650,000 tons of
water vapour has to be raised from
the earth's surface.

Spraying of Liquid Air.

The methods adopted by would-be
rain-makers appear, in most in-
stances, to ignore the fundamental
cause of the precipitation of mois-
ture from the atmosphere. Since
the Great War, which, for all its
unparalleled expenditure of ex-
plosives, is not known to have
altered the course of Nature's
phenomena one whit, efforts to turn
clouds of water by sheer concussion
have been almost abandoned. M.
Angot, head of the French
Meteorological Service, showed that
in the most favourable circum-
stances possible it would need the
detonation of 21,700 tons of melinite
to produce a single millimetre of
rain over a square mile.

Instead, modern experiments are
chiefly directed to the supplement-
ing of nuclei available for the con-
densation of water vapour from air
by the admixture of highly-ionised
gases, electrified sand, or certain
chemicals. Spraying of liquid air
at the cloud level has also been
tried, with a view to lowering the
temperature there well under
saturation point. There are meteor-
ologists who believe that when
clouds are nearly, but not quite,
ready to condense their moisture
into rain the process may be urged
forward by the application of suit-
able chemical or electrical stimulus,
and this is presumably the view
held by the authorities at Hong
Kong Observatory. The apparent
success that has occasionally attend-
ed similar experiments elsewhere
does not fall outside the range of
coincidence, however, and in Eng-
land efforts to cause showers by
such means failed during the great
drought of 1921 failed completely.

No Effect from Krakatoa.

No upheaval yet produced by
human agency can be ranked in the
same category as Nature's convul-
sions. When we consider that even
the greatest volcanic eruptions, such
as those of Asama, in 1783, and of
Krakatoa, just a century later, had
apparently no more recognisable
effect on rainfall than had the
Great War, though they were
audible several thousand miles
away, and for months filled the
whole world's atmosphere with dust
particles well suited to act as
nuclei for condensation, we are led
to doubt whether man has ever, of
his own volition, called forth one
drop of water from the skies.

with Bolt at two different addresses
for something like three years, when
they parted upon advice in view of
these proceedings. The agreement
apparently was that the husband
should pay her a weekly allowance
of £1 and that he would pay her
a lump sum down when the case
was settled in his favour.

The husband, having made the
bargain, was told by a brother that
it was a very dangerous method of
procedure, and thereupon he elin-
doned going on with the case based
upon the bargain to go to Horne
Bay and commit adultery.

It did not seem to him (the Ju'ge)
that that helped him. There was
no evidence and no ground for say-
ing that the wife had done any-
thing wrong between 1921 and 1925.
It seemed, added the Judge, that
the case rested entirely upon mate-
rial included in the answer—collu-
sion, connivance, and conduct con-
ducive. He dismissed the petition
with costs.

**MUNICIPAL HOUSES IN
HOLLAND.**

CONTROL OF UNDESIRABLE
TENANTS.

For some years past several
Dutch municipalities have been ap-
plying to their working class dwell-
ings methods of management by
women. These methods were adopt-
ed over 40 years ago in England
by the late Miss Octavia Hill, with
the help of John Ruskin, but Hol-
land is making more use of women
as house-property managers than
Great Britain.

British municipalities often decline
to accept in their council houses
thrifless or slatternly applicants,
but the municipalities of The Hague,
Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Arnhem,
Leeuwarden, and other towns have
provided special dwellings for the
"undesirable" class of tenants.
The Hague, the centre of govern-
ment and a favourite place of resi-
dence, has been increasing in popula-
tion in recent years more rapidly
than any other town in Holland.
The older quarters have become
seriously overcrowded. In the dis-
tricts occupied by fishermen and the
poorer sections of the community
it was found that some of the
families were not trained to habits
of cleanliness, and were unfit to oc-
cupy the artistic municipal houses
which have been built by the hun-
dred since 1915. Accordingly the
council decided to build special
homes for what they officially call
"undesirable tenants."

"Controlled Buildings."

These "controlled buildings" were
built in May, 1923, on the outskirts
of the town, to accommodate about
120 families, but all are not occupied
to-day. There are three classes of
home. The first is in the interior
of the colony, surrounded by walls,
and the inhabitants can only reach
their homes by passing through a
lodge under the eyes of the porter.
The families, who accept the offer
of accommodation at an uneconom-
ic rate of weekly payment, are placed
first in these central habitations.
They are strongly built houses, in
which the number of bedrooms
varies according to the number of
children. The tenants pay about
7s. a week inclusive.

A woman manager sits in an office
situated at a central position in the
middle of radiating rows of houses,
and keeps the tenants constantly
under her eyes. Should she hear
sounds of quarrelling at night, the
woman supervisor has electric light
switches close at hand, and can
illuminate the house from which the
noise proceeds, and if the trouble
is violent can call for help. These
precautions are necessary, as some
of the tenants are "mental cases,"
and others have been in prison. In-
spectors visit the homes every day,
and help the women to look after
their children, their kitchens, and
the cleanliness of their rooms. All
those in the colony must have a
(Continued on next column).

LESSON SERMON.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST,
SCIENTIST HONG KONG.

"Life" was the subject of the
Lesson-Sermon in all Churches of
Christ, Scientist, on Sunday, July
21.

The Golden Text was: "The
Lord is my strength and song, and
is become my salvation. I shall
not die, but live, and declare the
works of the Lord (Ps. 118: 14, 17).

Among the citations which com-
prised the Lesson-Sermon was the
following from the Bible: "Get
wisdom, get understanding: forget
it not; neither decline from the
words of my mouth. Forsake her
not, and she shall preserve thee;
love her, and she shall keep thee.
Wisdom is the principal thing;
therefore get wisdom: and with all
thy getting get understanding.
Hear, O my son, and receive my
sayings; and the years of thy life
shall be many. Take fast hold of
instruction: let her not go: keep
her; for she is thy life" (Proverbs
4: 5-7, 10, 13).

The Lesson-Sermon also includ-
ed the following passage from
the Christian Science text-book,
"Science and Health with Key to
the Scriptures," by Mary Baker
Eddy: "The relinquishment of
faith in death and also of the fear
of its sting would raise the
standard of health and morals far
beyond its present elevation, and
would enable us to hold the banner
of Christianity aloft with unflin-
ing faith in God, in Life eternal"
(p. 428).

bath at least once a month in the
communal bath-houses, but can in-
dulge more frequently free of charge
if they want.

If the families do not like this
discipline, they can walk out, and
return to their old haunts, but if
they are found to be homeless, they
are sent to an institution like a
workhouse. If they remain and re-
spond to treatment, they are trans-
ferred in a few months to better
houses, each of which has its own
patch of garden. Should the refor-
mation continue they are then given
a home on the outer edge of the
colony, not under constant super-
vision. After a year or so the best
families are allocated to a council
house. The treatment is said to be
successful in the case of at least 40
per cent. of the families.

A somewhat different system has
been adopted at Amsterdam, where
there are 132 homes at Asterdorp,
and 86 at Zeeburgersdorp. There is
no attempt to grade the tenants,
and the place is not planned so as
to be continuously under the eye
of a woman manager. But the same
principles are applied, including
no compulsion upon any family to
enter or to remain, obligatory
monthly baths, constant supervision
of the home and of the children, and
insistence upon the payment every
week of the small contribution re-
quired.

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Diocesan Boys' School
St. Stephen's Hostel
St. Stephen's Staff
Quarters

CLUBS

Hongkong Club
Hongkong Cricket Club
Hongkong Jockey Club
U. S. Recreation Club
Royal H.K. Golf Club

HOSPITALS

Victoria Hospital
Matilda Hospital
Alice Memorial Hospital
New Tung Wah Hospital
Nursing Home, Canton

OTHER BUILDINGS

Repulse Bay Hotel
Mountain Lodge
Pallonee House, Canton
Stubb's Road Garage
Police Station, Sham Shui Po

Oriental Hotel, Canton
Aighburth Hall
South China Morning Post Building
Sisters' Quarters Matilda Hospital
Branksome Towers

FIRSTLY.

All systems are designed by experts thoroughly acquainted with
local conditions and requirements.

SECONDLY.

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work caused by sub-letting.

THIRDLY.

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being designed to reduce maintenance charges to an absolute
minimum.

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HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

Jeff: "Here's a line of chatter I scribbled down, and I think this sort of stuff ought to make a hit with you, Mutt."

Mutt: "Make a hit with me, nothing! In the first place, this is too bloomin' long. If I remember right, Julius Caesar, after conquering the Gauls read a message of but three words to the Romans. Vini, Vici, Vidi. Yet the words turned the trick."

Jeff: "How foolish of Julius! He could have said seven more words, for two-bits in a Western Union message."

District Visitor: "What are the morals of this village like?"

Resident: "Excellent! So good, in fact, that several of our sewing parties have failed for want of scandal."

At a small country church a newly-married couple were receiving some advice.

"It is the husband's duty to protect his wife whenever an occasion arises; and a wife must love and honour and obey her husband, and follow him wherever he goes."

"But," pleaded the young bride, "I haven't finished yet" remarked the clergyman. "She must—"

"But, please—in desperation—can't you alter that last part? My husband is a postman."

"Yes, suh, dat ol' clock kep' good enough time 'til Mose done bought dat radio."

"What happened?"

"Well, now, every time dey announces de time he always has to set the clock forward a couple of hours."

"To think that we're reduced to this," said the fur coat during the summer sale.

Teacher: "Napoleon once said there was no such word as 'can't.' Voice from the back of the class: 'Please, miss, I wonder what he would have said if he had tried to strike a match on a piece of soap!'"

Husband (testily, after going down badly at bridge): "You might have guessed I had no heart."

Wife: "Quite; but I thought you had a brain, darling!"

Little Willie: "Look at that rhinoceros!"

Little Alfred: "That ain't a rhinoceros; that's a hippopotamus. Can't you see it ain't got a radiator cap?"

Counsel: "You admit you entered the house by the back door at two o'clock in the morning. What business had you there at that time?"

Prisoner: "I thought it was my own house."

"Then why did you, when this lady approached, leap through the window, jump into the cistern, and hide yourself?"

"I thought she was my wife."

Eric was a walking fund of questions.

Daddy, why— he began for the tenth time that morning.

"I say, young man," said daddy, "have you ever heard the story of the little boy who asked so many questions that he turned into a question mark?"

Eric had not heard of this little boy, and pondered deeply on the matter.

"But, daddy," he asked at length, "how did he manage to keep the dot under himself?"

"I've just shot a dog."

"Was he mad?"

"Well, he wasn't very pleased."

Mike and Pat were arguing about their ability to carry loads. Pat claimed he could carry 200 pounds.

"But I did it yesterday," persisted Pat.

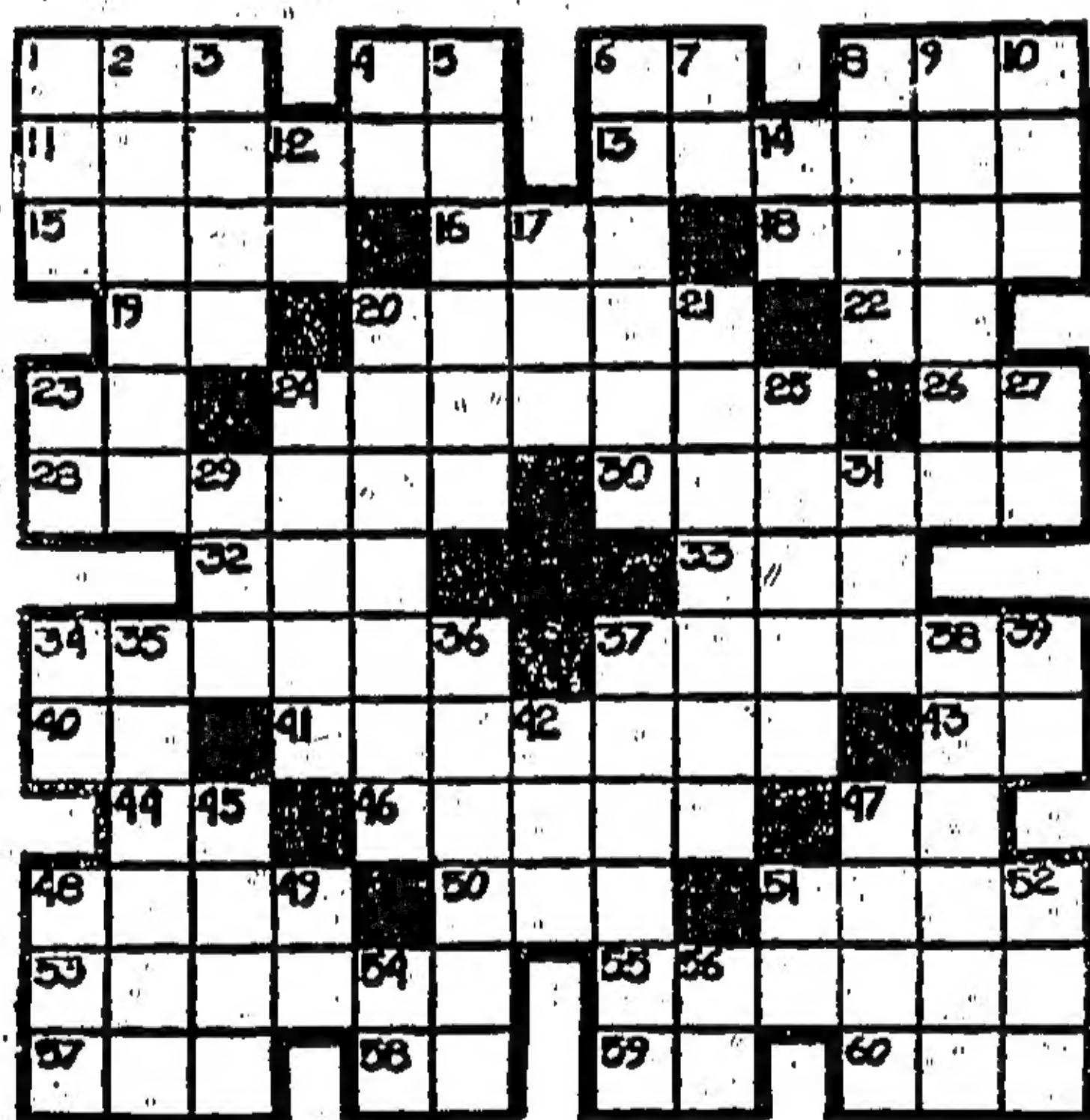
"Did you carry a barrel of flour, then?" asked Mike.

"I did not. But I carried an automobile tire over each shoulder sivin blocks for the boss. And I heard the man say there was 100 pounds of air in each wan av thim."

There were guests at dinner. Charles, aged 3, waited long and anxiously to be served, for his father had some difficulty in carrying the chicken.

At last, when he received his plate, he had the same experience as his father in cutting his portion, so he turned to his mother and said: "Mother, I know now why they call them Plymouth Rocks."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



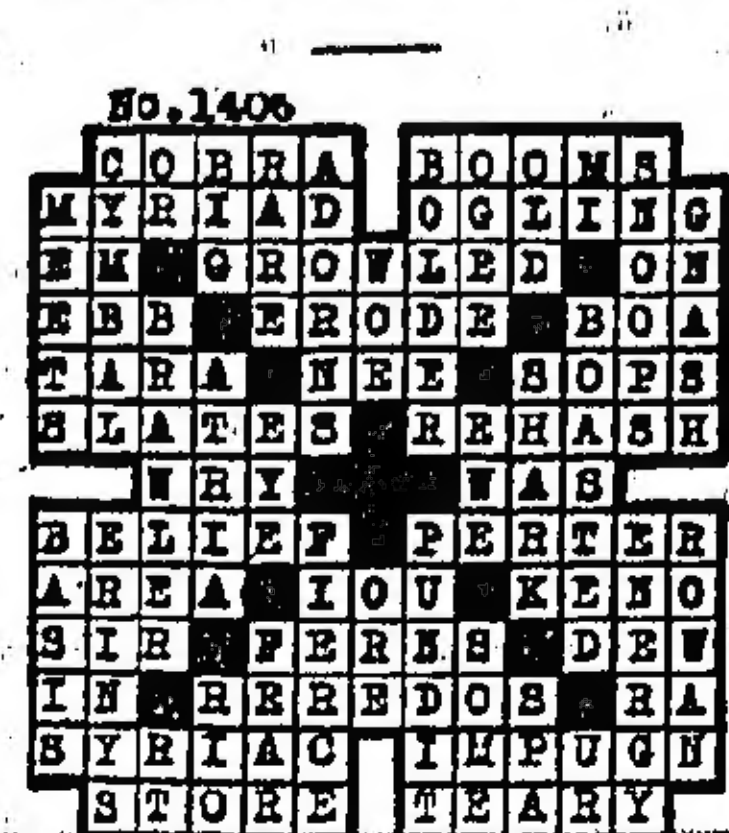
Horizontal.

- 1.—Unit of work.
- 4.—A parent (Colloquial).
- 8.—To exist.
- 9.—Recompense.
- 11.—Brought up.
- 13.—Live coals.
- 15.—Part of church.
- 16.—Nocturnal bird.
- 18.—Sweet potatoes.
- 19.—Aloft.
- 20.—Cavalry unit.
- 22.—Musical note.
- 23.—Pronoun.
- 24.—Shone.
- 25.—Symbol for nickel.
- 28.—Rapid expert.
- 30.—Classifies.
- 32.—Goddess of dawn.
- 33.—To weep.
- 34.—Bends.
- 37.—Bed coverings.
- 40.—Conjunction.
- 41.—Slang: arrests.
- 43.—Masculine pronoun.
- 44.—Part of "to be."
- 46.—Scorches.
- 47.—French article.
- 48.—Curved moulding.
- 50.—Prior to.
- 51.—Plate.
- 53.—Acrid.
- 55.—Twin in "Comedy of Errors."
- 57.—To cool.
- 58.—Like.
- 59.—Symbol for samarium.
- 60.—A serpent.

Vertical.

- 1.—Age.
- 2.—Extinction.
- 3.—Convulsive breath.
- 4.—Pronoun.
- 5.—Worshipper.
- 6.—Are property of.
- 7.—Type measure.
- 8.—Great deed.
- 9.—Kind of fur.
- 10.—A worm.

SATURDAY'S SOLUTION.



THE FAMILY ALBUM—QUIET

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



PICTURES AND PLAYS.

"I'm broke because I'm a fool!" This is what Miss Mae Busch, the famous film star, has just revealed in a Los Angeles court. She had only \$20 to her name, she said.

The film actress went to court to ask for the release of an attachment filed by an agent for that sum.

Miss Busch stated that if the attachment were not released she and her sick father, whom she supports, would suffer real want. "I am not worried over the fact that I am virtually broke," continued Mae.

"I have thrown away thousands and thousands of dollars, but I am coming back, and I am going to save my money from now on. I've learned my lesson—learned that trying to keep pace with Hollywood doesn't pay."

Judge Marshall F. McComb released the attachment on her "torture." That money, declared Mae, will keep both her and her father until she gets another job.

Before I came to Hollywood I did not know what wealth and luxury were," Miss Busch said. "Then I went into pictures and met with almost immediate success. Before I realized what was happening more money than I had ever dreamed of started pouring in on me. I guess having so much money turned my head. I started spending it recklessly without a thought of the future. My chief ambition was to out-

do every one else in the picture business. And since there are many others with the same idea it proved to be a difficult task. If one of my friends gave a party, I would give one a week or so later on an even more lavish scale. And if I saw another actress riding in a car which cost more than mine, I couldn't rest until I had bought an even more expensive one. I never stopped to think that some day the flow of gold would stop."

The Court of Appeal held recently that the author of a musical work who had assigned his copyright and performing rights was not himself entitled under the Copyright Act of 1911 to prevent the performance in public of part of his work by film.

The case was a test case, in which Warner Brothers Pictures, Ltd., importers of "The Singing Fool," and the Hyde Park Cinema, Ltd., appealed from a judgment of Mr. Justice Astbury restraining the production of part of Billy Merston's song, "The Spaniard that Blighted my Life."

Among the recent releases are: "Monkeynuts"—Betty Balfour in a French circus film, with Walter Butler (called Byron in U.S.A.). A jolly good family show.

"Vamping Venus"—Louise Fazenda and Charles Murray. Broad fun.

"Half a Bride"—Ester Ralston and Gary Cooper. Strong, silent man romance.

"Actress to Singapore"—Ramon Novarro, with Ernest Torrence and Joan Crawford in sea drama.

"Underground"—By Anthony Asquith. Highbrow melodrama, but full of interesting points. Elissa Landi, Noral Baring, Brian Aherne, and Cyril McLaglen. A film of young people, all worth getting to know.

Miss Jeanne de Casalis, who made her name as an actress in "vamp" parts, made one of her rare appearances on the music-hall stage at the Coliseum recently in a new sketch, "The Blood-Stained Sables," translated from the French.

A dramatist, wanting a leading lady for his new play, is visited at midnight by a woman who threatens him with a revolver, then tells him that she cannot kill him as she has always loved him, and expresses in bewildering succession love, anger, hate, and jealousy, finally stabbing herself. Then she sits up and asks: "Shall I do for the part in your play?"

The little piece afforded Miss de Casalis an opportunity of displaying versatility.

THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

Your Home and Mine.

FRUIT COCKTAILS AND APPETIZERS.

"What shall I serve for my opening course?" is the question every hostess asks herself as she begins mentally tabulating the menu of the approaching luncheon or dinner party.

But to choose that first would be like selecting a necklace and making the more important details of your costume fall in line. Just as you first pick your dress as the basis from which to work out the colour and kind of accessories, so it is the main meal that must first be decided upon. And it is in consideration of that, that the appetizer, soup or cocktail, is made to lead off in the most satisfactory manner.

If the meal is rather heavy, a bouillon or consommé would be in much better taste than a thick cream soup. Or a fruit cocktail would be very nice, provided you had not planned to serve a fruit salad.

Of the more nourishing appetizers, a few are: anchovies with olives on toast, or anchovies combined with cheese, hard-boiled eggs or tomatoes; egg with sardines, crab meat or lobster canapés; sardines on toast, herring, caviar with egg, and canapés of chicken liver.

I shall give to-day suggestions for preparing several appetizers, and directions for making two fruit cocktails. Of the latter, grapefruit cocktail is probably the most used.

It is made as a rule with equal parts of grape fruit pulp, diced pineapple and stoned white cherries. Let it stand in its juice for several hours, and serve very cold in cocktail glasses, with tiny bits of mint

be served in grape fruit cups or baskets.

A very attractive cocktail served in orange cups is made as follows: Use one cup of boiling water to

Ménus.
DINNERS.
Tomato Bouillon
Fillet of Lamb
Scalloped Potatoes
French Peas

Hot Rolls
Pear Salad
Coffee Mousse
Coffee

Grapefruit Cocktail
Roast Beef
Grated Horseradish
Stuffed Tomatoes

Browned Potatoes
Lettuce with Thousand Island Dressing
Apricot Ice
Coffee

dissolve one package of lemon-flavoured gelatin. Add one cup of orange juice and two tablespoons of sugar. Chill, and when the gelatin begins to thicken, add one-half cup of cubed pineapple, one-half cup of white grapes, halved and seeded, and one-half cup of maraschino cherries. Chill, and when firm, put in orange cups, or in glasses, if you prefer.

For an appetizer, try sometime the following: Sauté chicken livers in hot fat with small onion until they are tender. Then chop and smooth to a paste, adding cayenne pepper, salt, butter and anchovy essence to taste. Serve on small

sauces or triangles of toast.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

SAVOURY RECIPES.

Here is a savoury way of cooking eggs.

Take one egg for each person—or more if they like a lot—and a fire-proof egg poacher for each egg. Or china soufflé cases will do as well, small, individual ones, of course.

Butter the poachers or cases, and in the bottom of each put a few drops of Worcester sauce.

Break the eggs, one into each case, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and put a small piece of butter on top of each.

Place in a modern oven and bake until the egg whites are set.

Sweetbreads.

This is a delicious dainty, when you want to have a special treat.

Soak sweetbreads, three or four, in tepid water for half an hour. Then blanch them by plunging in boiling water and boil them for ten minutes, then plunge in cold water. Remove all fat and skin from them.

Dry thoroughly, and coat with beaten egg, then roll in bread crumbs; repeat this treatment twice more. Place them in a pan and pour over them carefully two ounces of melted butter, cover closely and roast from half to three-quarters of an hour.

Serve the sweetbreads on toast, and over them pour a good brown gravy, thickened with tomato sauce and a little finely chopped onion to taste.

Canapés of eggs and anchovies are made with anchovy butter, the chopped yolks and whites of eggs, and minced pickles. Garnish with a stuffed olive. The anchovy butter is made by pounding the anchovies and yolks of hard-boiled eggs, in the proportion of two to one, until they are smooth enough to be passed through a sieve. Add several

tablespoons of butter and paprika.

William Fox presents

VICTOR M'LAGLEN

in

STRONG BOY

with Gladys Cook

Story by Frederick H. Brennan
JOHN FORD production

THE VICTORY OF A ROUGH AND READY RAILWAY PORTER, A COMEDY FULL OF UNUSUAL TWISTS AND A SLENDRO CLIMAX!

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New excitement, gorgeous romance in another thrilling story of adventure! Action from first to last!

TIM MCCOY

IN

RIDERS OF DARK

AT THE WORLD FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY At 5.15 & 8.20 Only.

2.30 & 7.15—Chinese Picture, "The Invisible Bride."

LAUGHS & THRILLS ON A LINER!

Reginald DENNY

with MARIAN NIXON

OUT ALL NIGHT

AT THE STAR FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY At 5.30 & 9.20.

DEATH AGREEMENT OF TWO LOVERS.

GIRL'S FATHER ADVISED TO ALLOW A MARRIAGE.

THAMES DRAMA.

"Think it over. If they are fond of each other, they will marry, whether you care or not. The court has dealt leniently with them."

These words were addressed to the father of the girl at Feltham Police Court when Harry Hill, aged 16, of Wickesley Road, Batterssea, and Ada Dorothy Robinson, aged fifteen, of Henton Road, Peckham Rye, reappeared on the charge of attempting to commit suicide by drowning in the Thames at Teddington.

The chairman asked Hill if he was willing to marry the girl when she became sixteen in August, and Hill said that he was.

The girl's father, when asked if he were willing to agree to Hill marrying his daughter, replied, "No. It does not seem much of a life for either of them."

"Grievous Sin."

Mr. Horace Garland, the magistrate, in discharging Hill and Robinson, and putting them under the care of the probation officer, said, "God gave you life. It was a grievous sin against God to attempt to do what you did. Both of you remember what you have done, but let your friends forget it."

Detective Sergeant Emmett read statements, alleged to have been made by Hill and Robinson at the police station, in the course of which Hill said that the girl told him of her condition.

The statement added:—

"We walked about till 9.45, and then we went close to the bank for a few minutes. Then we agreed to go right now, so I took off my coat, which contained the letters, and took my handkerchief from my pocket."

"We then between us tied our wrists together. We went down some steps towards the river, and then I said to Ada, 'Do you still want to go?'"

"She said, 'Yes, Harry, so we stepped out into the river. It was not very deep, so we walked out till the water covered our knees. I then asked her if she still wanted to go,' and she said, 'Yes,' again."

"We kissed each other and then went backwards into the river. I don't know how long we were in the water, but all at once the handkerchief came undone and then, a couple of seconds later, I came to the top, and Ada was already above the water."

"She said, 'I can't do it, Harry. It is no good.' Let's go back. I was only too glad, as I had had enough of trying to drown myself. We stepped out of the river all wet and cold. I felt a silly fool to myself."

Hill was stated to be of good character, and his former employers were prepared either to take him back or assist in finding him another position.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR AS YOU LIKE IT



Far be it from us to tell you what Underwear you should wear. Perhaps you have a liking for India Gauze—open or pull-over style—you may be a wool-all-the-year-round man, you may find life unbearable in anything but Aertex. It is because we realise this so well that we keep all these kinds—and many more. Among them you are sure to find underwear as you like it.

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B. V. D. ... \$1.75 "

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Best Sheffield acid-resistant chrome steel. The constant friction of cleaning is not necessary and with ordinary care this stainless cutlery can be confidently relied upon to last a life-time. Ivory grained xylonite handles.

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THE "PERFECTED" CUTLERY.

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with neat xylonite handles firmly fixed. Cutlery of fine appearance and the best procurable at the Price. Not to be compared to the lower priced articles offered elsewhere. A knife that is full value for money.

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FIRST FLOOR SHOWROOMS.
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HONG KONG.

THE AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS.

PROMOTING MODERN EFFORTS.

A meeting of the New Territory Agricultural Show Committee was held on Saturday at Sheung Shui when details of the formation of the Agricultural Society was considered and adopted.

The Rev. H. R. Wells took the chair and among others present were: Mr. Fung Ki Cheuk, Mr. F. C. Mow Fung, Mr. F. W. Stapleton, Mr. J. D. Bush, Mr. Tang Wei Tong, Mr. Ng Shing Chi and heads of the different districts in the New Territory.

The draft of the Society was passed in the form given below, but it was made clear at the meeting that this would only be a temporary ground plan or working basis for the Society.

I. The name of this association is to be "The Agricultural Association."

II. The primary object for which this association is formed is the promotion of the science and practice of agriculture in all its branches.

The following are among the more important educational subjects to which the association will direct its exertion:—

1. Organising classes in Agriculture.
2. Giving grants in aid of Agricultural Education.
3. Conducting experiments for the purpose of promoting the application of science to Agriculture.
4. Assisting farmers with the chemical examination of their soils.
5. Investigation into insect pests and diseases affecting farm crops and live stock.
6. Encouraging the use of improved strains of plants and animals.
7. The association will keep in touch with, and publish periodically the results of recent Agricultural Research and descriptions of inventions likely to be of interest to local farmers.
8. An Agricultural Show will be promoted annually by the association.

III. The secondary object of this association is to make a systematic study of the economics of farming in the New Territories.

The association will thus consider matters connected with:—

1. The Agricultural Resources of the Colony.
2. The improvement of transport facilities.
3. The improvement of marketing methods.
4. The improvement of methods of irrigation.
5. Co-operative buying and selling.
6. Agricultural Insurance.
7. Any other subject affecting the interest of Agriculture.

IV. The income and property of the association whencesoever derived shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the association as set forth above.

The committee has requested the Hon. English Secretary, Mr. J. D. Bush to forward a copy of the above to Mr. J. A. Fraser, District Officer, to be transmitted to the Government for approval prior to drawing up the rules of the Society in legal form and registering the Society with the authorities.

The aim of the Society is to make the development of agriculture in New Territories as self-supporting as possible. It is intended to teach the farmers to employ modern methods in farming which will be both for the benefit of the consumer and the producer.

The next Agricultural show will be held at Shek Wui Hui, near the Sheung Shui Railway Station on January 4 and 5, 1930. The schedule of exhibits is being revised and the question of entertainments, refreshments and temporary liquor license and use of radio are all before the committee, and a further meeting will be held on September 7, when it is hoped that these details will be settled.

ROYAL LIFE-SAVING SOCIETY.

CERTIFICATES FOR POLICE OFFICERS.

The following two members of the Hong Kong Police qualified on Friday afternoon for the Proficiency Certificate and Bronze Medallion of the Royal Life-Saving Society:—
Sgt. J. F. Bell and Mr. J. A. Boffin.

The total recommendations forwarded to London for confirmation this year are, up to present date, forty-one Proficiency Certificates and Bronze Medallions, four Honorary Instructor's Certificates, and four Awards of Merit (Silver Medal).

During the absence from the Colony from July 24 to August 23 of the Hon. Representative, Mr. F. K. Ewart, of King's College, (Continued at foot of next column)

CHINESE GIRLS AND WESTERN HYGIENE.

AT DIOCESAN GIRLS' SCHOOL.

N.O. PLEASED—AND AMUSED.

The Head Mistress of the Diocesan Girls' School has sent us the following interesting and in places quietly humorous report on "the school by Hong Kong's very capable Lady Medical Officer for Schools, Dr. E. M. Minett."

It shows the very good sense with which the best of Western hygiene and physical training is being grafted onto Chinese life, without making too drastic and sudden changes.

Dr. Minett says:

At Drill.
I visited the Diocesan Girls' School for the purpose of making a "half-yearly report," on July 4, 1929.

A physical training mistress has been added to the staff this year, and I saw a number of classes (senior and middle school) at drill. The covered playground allows these to be taken in the open air. The work was excellent, consisting of free movement, balancing exercises, good walking and running. The "special remove" class, of older Chinese girls, had obviously taken to the new idea, and the improvement in walking, posture, and freedom of movement, was well marked. Almost without exception, the girls were in a simple and loose white uniform which gave ample freedom and looked neat and by no means "foreign" for Chinese.

I suggested, from my experience of the neglect of children (and parents) here to consider a handkerchief as an essential part of the day's outfit, that "handkerchief drill" followed by a few breathing exercises, might be given at the beginning of each class, even to the older girls.

I saw a few special cases, of suspected chest trouble, bad posture, and one small boarder, who had had slight fever, otherwise all looked well.

Domestic Science.

Building alterations are being carried on in the block of servants' quarters and kitchens, etc. A kitchen for the girls to practise, cookery and other practical parts of their "domestic science" work, is being made, also a small room for storing sports apparatus, and the amah's kitchen and laundry is being enlarged.

A covered way from the school to the covered playground would be an advantage, and will be built as soon as funds permit. This is more necessary for the sunny days than in case of rain.

The single flush cisterns are in good order, and instruction in hygiene, etc., is given.

The class rooms and dormitories were all in good order.

Fighting the "Fog."

I had opportunities, during the term, of seeing the dormitories at night, and went round them, late, on two occasions with the Headmistress. The ventilation is excellent, and is, I think, one of the best features of the regime. Fresh boarders, unaccustomed to fresh air, use many amusing devices, to get their desired "fog"—but it does not take long for them to get used to the better atmosphere. The health and attendance of boarders is excellent, while epidemics of "colds" are almost unknown. A few cases of mumps has been the only contribution to infectious disease this term, and certainly no germ would have a long life in those airy dormitories.

Variety!

A point that struck me on one of our late visits to the girls' quarters is the number of face creams, powders, etc., that are apparently necessities to the modern school girl. Pocket money and allowances must have increased considerably in late years to allow of these purchases. The Headmistress tells me that most thorough "creaming" is done nightly. "If it leads to thorough washing, no doubt it is excellent for the skin, and certainly it does so lead in school. I have my doubts about the holidays!"

I shared the mid-day meal, which is excellent, a well-balanced provision of meat, starch and green vegetables, and pudding. A good brown bread is used.

The girls are given, and are encouraged to, get from home, fruit and plain sweets rather than ornamental pastries, and their appetites seemed hearty. The kitchens and pantries were in excellent order; filtered drinking water is available at all times. Some day, I have no doubt, a "bubbling well" will be added to the playground attractions. It is always a pleasure for one interested in health matters to visit this school, as improvements are continually being made.

any communications re life-saving should be addressed to L/Bdr. R. A. Adams, 12 Heavy Battery, R.A. Lyceum, who will, with the co-operation of the other qualified instructors, assist in the formation and advice of classes.

"STRONG BOY."

THE TRIALS OF PROMOTION.

GOOD PROGRAMME AT THE QUEEN'S.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

There is a good comedy programme at the Queen's to-day including a "darkest Africa" absurdity, our old friend Felix in one of his numerous love affairs, and Victor McLaglen as "Strong Boy" a railway station porter to whom all sorts of adventures, heroic and absurd happen with commendable rapidity.

Strong Boy loves Mary McGregor (Leatrice Joy), who is in charge of the bookstall, but Mary is keen on the respectability suggested by a white collar and urges her lover to "get ambition." Then the adventures begin. Strong Boy smashes a small girl from under a falling trunk and, since the baby is a person of much importance, the next day emerges in a white collar as superintendent of the Lost Baggage Office. Mary thinks he ought to have asked to be promoted station master, and despite the fact that owing to the misplaced enthusiasm of two of Strong Boy's friends, all sorts of articles pour into his office—a little boy, goats, rabbits, a monkey and baggage of all descriptions—the turns up her nose at his promotion. Among other things which come into his charge is a valuable necklace, lost by a film star, with which the monkey runs away, to be caught after an exciting chase by the hero, in the manager's office. That job promotes Strong Boy to be a fireman and still Mary is displeased.

Then a European Queen arrives at the station and travels on Strong Boy's train with her priceless jewels in the baggage van. The train is held up by thieves, and, after an exciting fight, we see Strong Boy once more a blushing hero—this time Mary reverts because the "Queen" does not seem quite indifferent to her sweetheart's masculine charm!

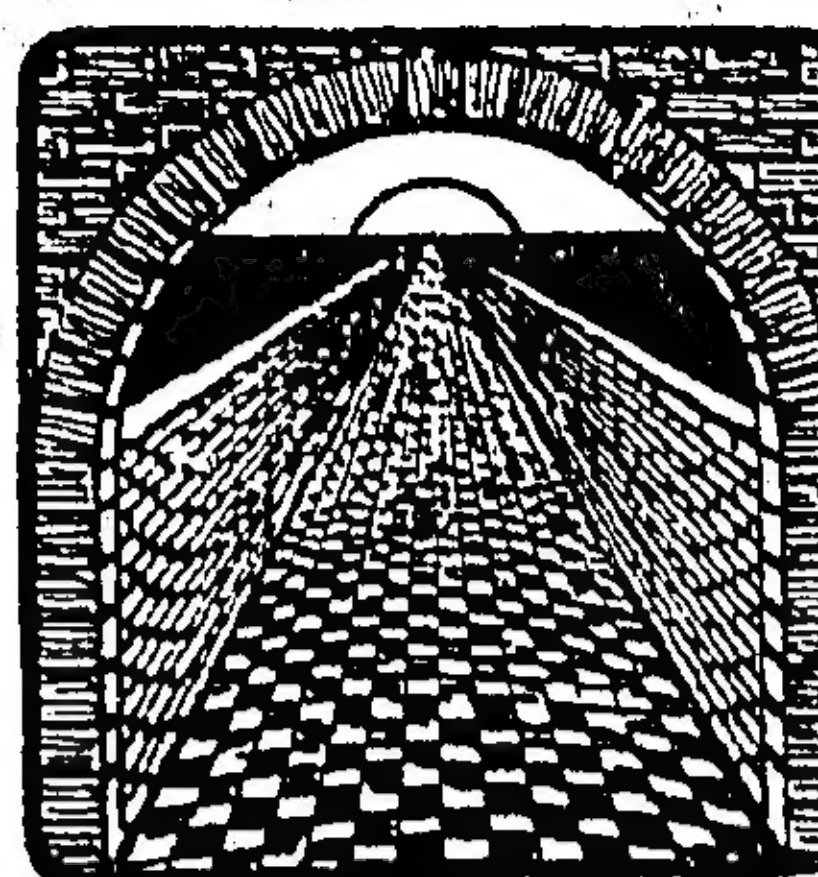
Victor McLaglen has had more ambitious parts, but "Strong Boy" is by no means a poor film, and is packed with incident, with many amusing situations.

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In Lots of not less than 4-ton:—

Delivered to Peak District (above Bowen Road), \$23.00 per ton.
Delivered to Bowen Road and Lower Levels, \$21.00 per ton.
Delivered to Pokfulam Road, \$23.00 per ton.
Delivered to Kowloon, \$19.00 per ton.

Note Reduction in Prices.



Orders should be sent in writing not by telephone at least 24 hours before the coal is required.

All orders must be accompanied by Cash, Cheque, or Compro Order payable to "The Kailan Mining Administration."

For Price Apply to
THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

A MACAO LOTTERY.

CHINESE FINED \$50 FOR PUBLISHING RESULT.

An interesting point was raised by Mr. Fred X. D'Almada at Central Magistracy on Saturday while defending a Chinese charged with publishing the results of a San Piu lottery. Mr. D'Almada submitted that the offence was no greater than the publishing of race results and the results of the Madrid Lottery in local papers.

His Worship observed that it was an open matter as to whether or no the publishing of the result of a lottery made a newspaper liable to prosecution, but the fact that no prosecution was instituted against any papers in the case cited did not create a precedent. A Magistrate must consider the merit of every case as it was brought before him, and consider the matter of encouraging gambling in the Colony. He hardly thought that the publishing of the result of a Madrid lottery was propaganda for gambling as few people here were likely to rush off and buy a chance in a Spanish lottery. It was a different matter with a "San Piu" lottery which was run in Macao.

The defendant was convicted and fined \$50 or one month's hard labour. Evidence showed that the defendant had in his possession 172 copies of the *O-Moon Kwong Po*, a Chinese paper published in Macao. The papers were found in a room (Continued on next Column).

ELECTRICAL STORES.

ALL IMPUTATIONS WITHDRAWN.

The charge against the manager of the Yu Wing Electric Supplies shop of No. 147 Bonham Strand East of receiving stolen property ended at the Central Magistracy on Saturday, when the prosecution asked leave to withdraw the case.

Mr. M. K. Lo represented the defendant, while the complainants, the General Electric Company, were represented by Mr. H. J. Armstrong.

After Mr. Armstrong had asked leave to withdraw the charges, Mr. Lo observed that he had hoped for some words from his friend withdrawing all imputations against the defendant—that, as far as the complainants were concerned, defendant was leaving the Court without a stain on his character.

Mr. Armstrong said that he would certainly do that and further asked His Worship to direct that all goods seized be returned to the defendant.

His Worship addressing the defendant said that the complainants had withdrawn all imputations against his character and had asked permission to withdraw the charges. His Worship would grant that application and make an order for the return of goods.

on the top floor of No. 19 Upper Lascar Row, when the police raided the place on Wednesday night.

A GILBERT and SULLIVAN OPERETTA --- Complete

Each clever word and every bar of music in the little dramatic cantata, "Trial by Jury," has been recorded for Victor in this new and immensely entertaining Red Seal album. If your tastes run along instrumental lines, the famous Flonza Quartet—(now in the last year of their existence as an ensemble)—has recorded a lovely bit of Schumann chamber music... But that isn't half of the wonderful musical opportunities in this July list of Victor records. The best Red Seal music and the best dance entertainment are right here! You'll want to hear some of these new records. We want you to hear them. Let's get together... soon!

Trial by Jury (Gilbert-Sullivan)
D-ONLY CARTE OPERA COMPANY
Album C-4 (Nos. 9314-9317)
Automatic (Nos. 9318-9321)
Complete Text

Norma—Casta Diva—Parts 1 and 2
(Queen of Heaven) (Bellini)
ROSA PONSILLE WITH
METROPOLITAN OPERA CHORUS
No. 9125, 12-inch

I'm Falling in Love With Someone
(from "Naughty Marietta")
Moonbeams (from "The Red Mill")
RICHARD CROOKS
No. 1371, 10-inch

Etude in C Sharp Minor Piano
Etude in D Flat Major MURIEL KERR
No. 4113, 10-inch

Melodie Arabe (Clazounow-Kochanski) Violin with Piano
Sicilienne and Rigoletto (Francoeur)
SADAH SPUGHARI
No. 4114, 10-inch

Alt-Wien (Old Vienna) (from "Triakontameron") Piano
Prelude in A Minor (Debussy)
ISABELLE YALOWSKY
No. 4115, 10-inch

Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 1—Ingrid's Lament
Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 2—Arabian Dance
EUGENE GOSSENS AND
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
No. 9327, 12-inch

Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 3—The Return of Peer Gynt
Peer Gynt Suite No. 2—Part 4—Solvejg's Song
EUGENE GOSSENS AND
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
No. 9328, 12-inch

Blue Hawaii
On a Summer Night
JIM MILLER-CHARLES FARRILL
No. 2194, 10-inch

From Sunrise to Sunset (from Sunset 'Til Dawn)
To Be in Love (Especially with You)
JACK SMITH
No. 2197, 10-inch

If I Give Up the Saxophone (Will You Come Back to Me?)
Hello Sunshine Hello
EDDIE CANNON
No. 2192, 10-inch

Don Giovanni—Madamina! (Pretty Lady)
Don Giovanni—Nella blanda egli ha l'insanza (Is a Maiden Fair and Slender)
FEODOR CHALIAPIN
No. 1393, 10-inch

Capriccio Italien—Parts 1 and 2
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI AND
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
No. 6949, 12-inch

Capriccio Italien—Parts 3 and 4
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI AND
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
No. 6950, 12-inch

Quartet in A Minor (Schumann, Op. 41, No. 1)
FLONZLEY QUARTET
Album M-51 (Nos. 1374-1377)
Automatic (Nos. 1378-1381)

I Kiss Your Hand, Madame
She's a New Kind of Old-Fashioned Girl
JACK SMITH
No. 2193, 10-inch

Blue Hawaii
On a Summer Night
JIM MILLER-CHARLES FARRILL
No. 2194, 10-inch

From Sunrise to Sunset (from Sunset 'Til Dawn)
To Be in Love (Especially with You)
JACK SMITH
No. 2197, 10-inch

If I Give Up the Saxophone (Will You Come Back to Me?)
Hello Sunshine Hello
EDDIE CANNON
No. 2192, 10-inch



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MARTIAL ARDOUR IN CANTON.

SOVIET DENOUNCED BY PRESS, POSTERS
AND OFFICIALS.

ARDENT SUPPORT FOR NANKING.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, July 21.

Feeling is running high in Canton as a result of the reported clash between Chinese and Soviet Russian troops in Manchuria. The whole city is bedecked with white cloths and paper banners bearing anti-Soviet slogans. The white cloth strips, some of which are of astonishing size, are strung to telephone poles across the malloos. Big posters also bearing anti-Soviet sentiments are pasted on walls in conspicuous places.

Leading articles condemning the Soviet action in Manchuria are daily appearing in all the vernacular newspapers in Canton and the whole city appears to be in a state of great perturbation over the rapid march of events in North China.

This patriotic fervour is being worked up by the local Kuomintang and a big meeting was held on Saturday at the party headquarters and attended by practically all the leading officials of the Government from Generals Chen Ming Shu and Chen Tsai Tong downwards. Every one present was full of indignation and feeling ran high. Among the speakers were the two Generals, both of whom bitterly denounced the war-like preparations of the Soviet Government in Manchuria.

CHEN MING SHU ON CHINA'S
POSITION.

General Chen Ming Shu said, among other things:—

"Soviet Russia has been using the Chinese Eastern Railway as its headquarters of Communist propaganda. We, therefore, had to take over the control of the Railway in order to eliminate the danger which this propaganda was causing. Our action was proper and correct, but the Soviet Government became agitated and threatened the Nationalist Movement."

"After it had received our peacefully worded Note in answer to its ultimatum, it suddenly gave an order to all its consuls and nationals in China to withdraw to Russia, saying that relations with China had been broken off. But as a matter of fact our diplomatic relations with the Soviet Government had been severed a long time ago. During the campaign which purged the Kuomintang of its bad elements, we broke off such relations with Russia. Although the Soviet Government later sent consuls to China, their duties were merely to arrange and sign passports, and such minor matters. It is silly for the Soviet to talk now about the severance of Russo-Chinese relations!"

"We should take to heart that the Soviet Government has actually despatched a big army to our northern border and is making war-like preparations to show its 'militarist' in China. We must all support the Central Government in whatever steps it may take to deal with the situation."

After this the head of the Canton Civil Government spoke in detail on the causes of the Sino-Russian dispute, and why the Government had to take over the control of the Chinese Eastern Railway. He then turned his attention to the internal problems of China, saying that there still was a strong element of reaction, supported by the Community Party and a group known as the Koi Tso action. These elements, though only small in numbers, were working upon public opinion by means of propaganda. They were working for the downfall of the Central Government, and were scattered throughout Honan, Shantung, Shansi, and other provinces.

General Chen Tsai Tong, who spoke next, heartily endorsed the views of General Chen Ming Shu, adding that every attempt will be made to present a united front against Soviet Russia.

MEETINGS AND CIRCULARS.

The following resolutions were passed:—

1.—That General Chen Tsai Tong organise a picked force and that an aerial force be placed at the disposal of Nanking. These two units will be held in readiness for the front at a moment's call from the Central Government;

2.—That General Chen Tsai Tong and all chief military leaders of the Province send a circular telegram to all the leaders of the country, urging them to be prepared for any eventuality with regard to Soviet Russia;

3.—That a publicity committee be appointed to keep people informed of the progress of events;

4.—That a huge anti-Soviet demonstration be held in Canton on Wednesday, July 24. The demonstration to take the form of a parade through the street. But immediately before the parade there will be a big gathering on the East Parade Grounds, where speeches will be delivered. Lecture corps will be organized to harangue the populace on the streets on that day.

LOOKING OUT FOR
COMMUNISTS.

Some fear is entertained in official circles as to the activities of Communists in Canton at this critical time. The Police are very vigilant and hotels and lodging houses are constantly searched for undesirable characters. Communist literature denouncing the Kuomintang and the Central Government has been discovered in Tsiu Ling and was brought to Canton the other day.

It was in turn forwarded to Nanking. No arrests have been made. On account of the intense feelings against the Soviet Government, Russian nationals in Canton are leaving for Hong Kong. But according to information from official circles adequate protection will be given them if they wish to remain in Canton, as the indignation is not directed against them as individuals, but only against the Russian Government as a whole.

KWANGTUNG MILITARY
EXPENDITURE.

It will be recalled that according to the understanding arrived at with Mr. T. V. Soong (Nanking Finance Minister) the military expenditure for Kwangtung was to be cut down first to \$3,000,000 a month and then to \$2,500,000 a month. The Commander-in-Chief, General Chen Tsai Tong proposes, however, to manage with \$2,500,000 from the first. In regard to disarmament, it is expected that after August 1, definite steps will be taken.

TROUBLE IN YUNNANFU
NOT CONFIRMED.

On interview, General Liu Pei Chi, chief of the Yunnan Aviation Bureau, said that he received cable communications on the 13th and 14th from the Civil Governor Lung, in which no mention was made of Yunnanfu being invaded by General Ho and Chang. It was General Liu's opinion that as the report of the invasion emanated from Chungking in Szechuan, it was probably a report spread by interested parties.

Asked as to what date the Yunnan 'peace' was to start on its overland journey to Nanking, Hankow, Chungking, and Yunnanfu, the General replied that he hoped to have started last week, but owing to preparations not having been completed he could not start for another five days.

MARSHAL LI TSAI HSIN.

RELEASE "INOPPORTUNE"
AT PRESENT.

Chairman General Chen Ming Shu cabled two days ago to President Chiang Kai Shek asking him to release Li Tsai Hsin.

President Chiang replied as follows: "While I am heartily in agreement with your wish, the time for such action is inopportune, but the matter will be taken up later."

MEDICAL OFFICER DENOUNCES CHILD
LABOUR AT KOWLOON.

CONDITIONS THAT WOULD KNOCK UP MOST MEN.

CHINESE J.P. ALSO DEPRECATES NIGHT WORK.

INJURIOUS EFFECTS ON HEALTH
AND NEXT GENERATION.

Dr. H. A. Fawcett gave at Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday, an unsparring denunciation of the conditions under which young girls are allowed to work at a Kowloon knitting factory. He said that the night work, 10½ hours a night seven days a week, was most injurious to complainant, a *mui tsai* of about 15, that it must react on her system and would also, if continued, affect any children she might have later in life.

Work of the kind described involved standing, which was most harmful to women and especially to girls undergoing the "change of life" at complainant's age.

The work that this child was doing, the Medical Officer said, would knock up any European girl and many men.

MACHINERY WHICH DAMAGES HEALTH.

The case was one in which a Chinese widow is being charged with ill-treatment and failing to provide for her *mui tsai* as she would for her own daughter. It was continued before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday.

After a protracted hearing in which expert evidence was given by a member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce with regard to treatment and work of a *mui tsai* in accordance with Chinese custom, and by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of the result on a young girl of continuous night work, His Worship adjourned the case intimating that he wished to reserve his decision and to review the evidence. His Worship's decision will be given in Court on Tuesday morning at 11.30 a.m.

Defendant was charged following complaints made by the *mui tsai* to the Police Station at Hung Hom. The girl said that she had been refused food for over 24 hours and that she had been made to work in a knitting factory from 8.30 p.m. to 7 a.m. every night for two and a half months. In addition to this she was obliged to do housework, wash the dishes and carry water. She only slept at short intervals during the day. The girl was sold by her parents to the defendant at the age of 11 years and was now 16 according to Chinese reckoning or 14-15 according to European standard.

Mr. H. R. Butters, of the S.C.A., conducted the prosecution, the defendant not being legally represented. At the previous hearing His Worship intimated that he would like to hear an opinion on the *mui tsai* question from a member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and on the result of night work on a girl of the age of the complainant from a medical officer. Dr. G. H. Thomas had previously stated that he examined the girl but could not say she was either in bad health or undernourished.

Over-work Rather Than Ill-treatment.

When the case was resumed on Saturday Mr. Butters referred to the Ordinance which stated that a child under the age of 15 could not be made to work between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. It would be held that a child was overworked if she worked even one hour after 7 p.m. Is such was the case for a child under 15 surely it was far worse for a child just over 15 to be made to work 8½ hours each night for seven nights a week for a period of two and a half months without a break? The prosecution now relied on the question of over-work rather than that of direct ill-treatment, as they had to conclusive evidence of the latter. The defendant had actually overworked both her own daughter and the *mui tsai*.

A Chinese View.
Mr. Tong Yat Tsun, a Justice of Peace of the Colony since 1916, Director of the Tung Wah Hospital and Po Leung Kuk, and member of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, gave evidence regarding Chinese customs and treatment of a *mui tsai*.

Questioned by Mr. Butters, witness said that in his opinion night work for the long hours described was not expected of a *mui tsai*. The matter depended to some extent, however, on the financial position of the mistress. The work of a *mui tsai* was primarily menial and domestic, but should the mistress be so poor as to require more money to maintain the family, then the *mui tsai* could be called upon to do outside work. Mr. Butters asked witness if it was right for the mistress to take the child's wages. Witness replied that in the circumstances he thought it correct.

His Worship also questioned Mr. Tong and asked if only rich people had *mui tsais*. Witness replied that invariably a *mui tsai* was paid for and therefore only a monied person owned one. However, there was always probability of the owners falling upon hard times and therefore *mui tsais* were not confined to rich people.

Draws the Line at Night Work.

Asked if he considered that the complainant had been overworked as a *mui tsai*, witness replied to His Worship that he did not think a *mui tsai* should be asked to do night work. As to the question of treating a *mui tsai* like one's own daughter, witness said that there must be some difference. The daughter, for instance, did not do house work, while this was the duty of a *mui tsai*. A *mui tsai* would also be sent out to work when the daughter was not.

"Certainly Over-worked."

Dr. H. A. Fawcett, Medical Officer of Health, said that he had visited many of the factories in Hong Kong and was aware of their conditions. He had not, however, visited the one at which complainant worked.

Witness considered nine hours work a day in twenty-four hours was too much for a child whether it was continuous or at intervals. In the case of the complainant she had certainly been over-worked.

Questioned by His Worship as to the difference between night and day work, witness was emphatic that night work tended to impair health. A person called upon to sleep during the day was disturbed by the noises of the day and work at night had injurious effects on the eye-sight. The body was at low ebb during the night and had not the full vigour and energy enjoyed during the day.

As regards a child of the age of complainant, especially a female child, the effects were very serious.

Witness remarked that a European girl and many men would probably collapse under the conditions imposed upon the complainant. The work was deadly and monotonous and caused what was known as "industrial fatigue, with a tendency to react upon the nervous system."

It was the practice at home now to vary the work amongst employers, such as in the case of girls wrapping chocolates.

Further a girl, especially of the age of the complainant, was undergoing important physical changes and this required a great deal of her energy. Continuous standing for such long hours caused "congestion" and was especially harmful to women.

Witness said he was aware of the nature of the work at which the girl was employed in the knitting factory and said that her lungs were open to the dust of the machinery, against which there was no shield. Factory girls at home were far better off in this respect and special shield and draught passages were employed to draw away this dust.

All these points would certainly impair the health of the complainant and would have ill effects on the event of her marriage and upon her children. Long hours of sleep were necessary for young children, the ideal being at least 11 hours, although, witness remarked, he knew many never got as much as that.

Defendant's Version.

Defendant giving her evidence in the witness-box said that both her daughter and the complainant worked at the factory on their own accord. She had scolded the complainant for taking up the feather sorting work which she did at the factory.

She had continually reminded the complainant that she need not work at the factory if she considered it too hard, but the girl had kept on working. Mr. Butters, cross-examined witness and put it to her that she had a son who was working and supporting her. She lived in free quarters provided for the son by his firm and prior to her son going to work, she had been supported by her husband, who was subsequently banished from the Colony.

Mr. Butters told His Worship that he would submit that the defendant made the *mui tsai* work unduly.

CORRESPONDENCE.

"FLOODS" IN KWANGTUNG.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG
DAILY PRESS."]

SIR,—In your issue of July 17 appears a notice headed "Floods in Kwangtung," which is extremely misleading. I do not know from where your Chinese correspondent gets his information; but his report on the state of conditions at Sheklung, where, he says, "the East River is inundating numbers of villages..." and "the streets of the city are partly under water" is entirely wrong. The true flood condition at that place is verified by the following figures as regards the flood levels.

The highest flood level on record is 13.2 feet above zero. The streets in Sheklung city are situated on an average elevation of 8 feet above the same zero, and the gauge records for the last 5 days are as follows:

July 10	Feet above zero.
11	2.3
12	3.0
13	4.4
14	5.5
15	6.3
16	6.9
17	6.2
18	5.4

The streets have thus never been flooded by the river water during the period under review. The country round Sheklung is always more or less flooded during the rainy season; but this is entirely due to the fields not being properly protected by dykes.

Regarding the North and West Rivers, the water is at present well below the mean water level for the season, and there is no indication whatever of any inundations.—Yours, etc.,

P. W. OLIVECRONA,

Engineer-in-Chief.

Canton, July 17.

CATHEDRAL WEDDING.

DRAGON—CHENALLOY.

The wedding of Miss Bernice Lathmull Chenalloy to Mr. Peter Arban Dragon was celebrated, on Saturday at St. John's Cathedral, the Very Rev. Dean A. Swann, D.S.C., M.A., officiating.

Mr. Dragon was born in Penang and educated in the Straits Settlements. He was formerly a very popular master at St. Joseph's College and is now teaching at the Wah Yan College. He is a keen photographer and won the first amateur gold medal offered in the Colony. Mr. Dragon's pictures are well-known locally and he is especially successful with cloud effects. Miss Chenalloy worked until recently at the Bank of Canton.

The bride was given away by Mr. S. T. Lo, and attended by Miss Lucy Lee (of Sydney) as bridesmaid. She looked very charming in her wedding gown of white georgette and silver lace, and carried a bouquet of pink Honolulu creper.

Miss Lee wore blue georgette and carried a bouquet of pink Honolulu creper.

The "best man" was Dr. K. C. Yeo.

The reception was held in the Hong Kong Hotel, where the many friends of the happy couple gathered to wish them health, happiness and prosperity.

The honeymoon is being spent in Manila.

Mr. Butters also put it to the defendant that she had her daughter go out to work as long as five years ago and to do such work as earth carrying. Defendant said that that was only about two years ago.

Defendant in her evidence, asked His Worship to pardon her and let her go. His Worship replied that that was not relevant to the evidence which she had to give.

The case was then adjourned till Tuesday morning at 11.30 a.m. when His Worship will deliver his decision.

MUI TSAI CASE ADJOURNED.

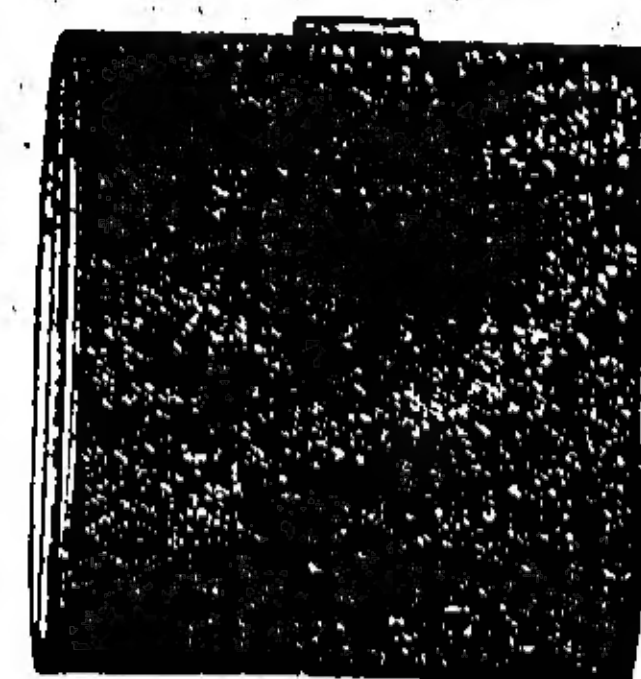
BUSY S.C.A. OFFICIALS.

Owing to the absence of representatives from the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, a case in which two Chinese women were charged with ill-treating a *mui tsai* was adjourned until this morning.

Mr. E. W. Hamilton, before whom the women were charged, desired to hear some particulars of the case before fixing bail, but the Police officer in charge of the case stated that the whole case was handled by the S.C.A. and he was not in a position to tell His Worship anything.

Later in the morning, Sergeant Post of the S.C.A. appeared in court to say that Mr. Butters of the S.C.A. was engaged in a case in Kowloon and that Mr. Todd, another assistant, was also engaged. The defendants were granted bail at 2.00 p.m.

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COLONY

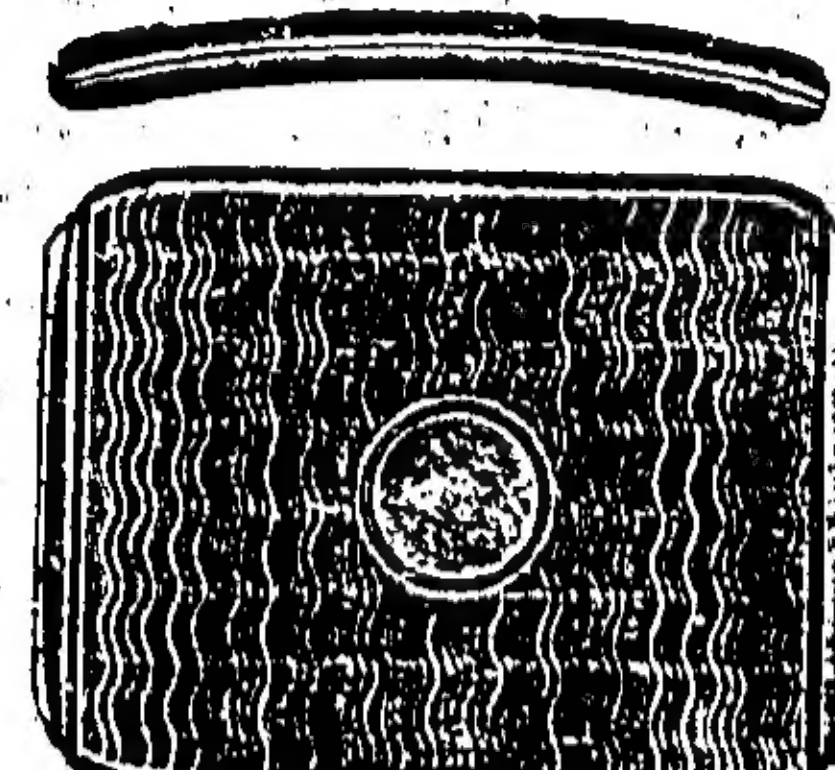
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NOTICE.

THE SHARE REGISTER will be RE-OPENED From 12th to 27th JULY inclusive. On the latter date the REGISTER will be FINALLY CLOSED.

F. N. MATTHEWS, F.C.A.,
B. MONTEITH WEBB,
Liquidators

Room 344-B, Sassoon House, Shanghai, 12th July, 1929. [8116]

RE DR. F. PIERCE GROVE,
DECEASED.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of the above named Deceased are requested to send the Particulars thereof as soon as possible to the Underigned.
HASTINGS, DENNIS & BOWLEY,
S. Des Vaux Road Central,
Solicitors for the Estate. [8123]

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS.

To Sell By

PUBLIC AUCTION
IN ONE LOT

ON

TUESDAY,
THE 23rd DAY OF JULY, 1929,
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The premises known as Nos. 22 and 24, **LYNDURST TERRACE** comprising two four storied Chinese shops and dwellings situate in the centre of the City on the piece or parcel of ground registered in the Land Office as SECTION A OF INLAND LOT No. 201 having an Area of 1278 square feet or thereabouts. The premises are situate on the South side of Lyndhurst Terrace. A portion of the ground there only of No. 22 Lyndhurst Terrace consists of an entrance to a Private lane about 3 ft. 6 in. wide known as **TUN WOH LANE** through which there is a right of way. The Annual Crown Rent payable in respect of the premises is \$10, and the premises are held for the residue of a term of 99 years from the 22nd JANUARY 1844. Further information and Copies of the Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from

Messrs. HASTINGS, DENNY & BOWLEY,
Vendors' Solicitors,
S. Des Vaux Road Central.

OR
Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS,
The Auctioneers. [8101]

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WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 6.33 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest over S. Japan and the Loochoos, and relatively low over Tongking and in the Pacific to the east of Luzon.

Local Forecast:—S. winds, moderate, cloudy, occasional rain.

MARRIAGE.

GIBSON—HAZELAND.—At St. George's, Hanover Square, London, on Saturday, July 20, by the Rev. H. Copley Moyle, assisted by Prebendary P. N. Thicknesse, **EDWARD RUSSELL GIBSON,** Lieutenant, Royal Navy, to **RETA FRANCES MANNING HAZELAND,** elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. HAZELAND, Hong Kong. [8132]

DEATH.

XAVIER.—On July 19, at 25, Mosque Junction, Hong Kong, **MERCIA MARIA XAVIER,** aged 18, daughter of Mrs. MARIA T. DE SOUZA XAVIER. (Macao and Shanghai papers please copy). [8131]

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Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. Central 4511.
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, JULY 22, 1929.

CHINA AND AVIATION.

Our Canton correspondent has informed us that the Kwangtung Provincial Government intends to embark upon a big programme of aviation development. All the chief cities of the province are to be linked up by a regular service, and "work is to be started" at once "on providing aerodromes and landing grounds. The possibilities of aviation in a mountainous country like China appear to be fully grasped by the authorities; the old fear of "foreign devil magic" is a thing of the distant past, and the inhabitants of walled cities welcome an aviator with the enthusiasm of an American town for Colonel LINDBERGH. Aeroplanes have for years figured in China's civil wars, and CHANG HUEI LIANG, the present Chairman of the Manchurian Government, brought the air force of the Fengtien army under his direct control and himself took part in its operations. Now it is hoped to employ aeroplanes for peaceful purposes and Canton, always enthusiastic for new ideas, is in the van of the movement. The Southern capital has a flourishing Aviation Bureau, with four British machines among its equipment, and it was from that city the "Spirit of Canton" made its historic flight round China.

It is certainly to be hoped that aviation may suit China better than other "peculiarly Western methods of transport. Neither the railway nor the shipping records of China are entirely happy. While the railways have done much to open up the country they have been a constant source of international complications, and have given rise to many crises of which the present Sino-Russian trouble is typical. Nor is it possible to say that any Chinese railway not under foreign control has been satisfactorily administered. An even more serious matter has been the part that the railways have played in the civil wars. They have become the toys of the contending war lords; the chief campaigns have been in the railway zones, and both the length and severity of these wars are partly traceable to the increased facilities for transporting troops and munitions. It is, in fact, an arguable proposition that China, and certainly her peasants and artisans, would have been better off if not a mile of permanent way had ever been laid in the country.

If all that can be said of China's railways what then are the prospects of aviation? An air service calls for relentless efficiency. There is no place for "squeeze," nepotism

and "the day after to-morrow can do" spirit. Loose screws are fatal either in an aeroplane's mechanism or in the pilot's head. They are more immediately and sensationally disastrous than excessive sand in cement or laxity by the keepers of high explosive magazines. Aviation, to paraphrase Lord MELBOURNE, has "no d—d democracy about it." It exists for the convenience of wealthy individuals and for business firms to whom the speedy transport of goods and documents is more important than questions of expense. There can be no control by popular votes and no sacred monopoly, of office for the dominant political party. The aeroplane has to be managed according to the hard laws of science, and not by the whims and wishes of elected or self-appointed rulers. The thing can be done, as witness the recent flight by a Chinese aviator from England to Nanking without mishap of any sort.

Aviation does in fact demand a lot of China, or of any group of ordinary men with the usual human frailties and imperfections. But the Chinese, though at present a little distraught by floods of new ideas, have been capable in the past of extraordinarily good and thorough work. The qualities that made China's old-time pottery unexcelled in all the world and that built the irrigation system in the distant province of Szechuan showed that China has not always failed where sustained and conscientious work has been needed. These qualities must be drawn upon to make her aviation service succeed. If, on the other, aviation becomes one more political plaything, only a further record of inefficiency and corruption is possible. It will mean a vast Air Ministry whose whole staff will be changed with each successive chief; there will be huge administration expenses, schemes started in one place and abandoned for allegedly better sites, endless negotiations about concessions and rights, diplomatic difficulties with foreign Powers, and all the paraphernalia of State enterprise in China. But if the aviators of China can somehow make themselves into a closed guild of their own and can secure government of aviators by aviators, under ultimate State supervision, like the British Navy for example, there is no reason why they should not be able to render great service in the economic awakening of the country. Japanese aviators have "made good," in spite of many pessimistic forecasts that they were temperamentally unsuited for such work, and what Japan has done China can do—if only she gives her mind to it.

News and Views.

The name of Mr. J. H. Bottomley has been added to the list of Authorized Architects.

H.E. the Governor has appointed Mr. N. L. Smith to be Head of the Sanitary Department and Registrar of Births and Deaths in addition to his other duties.

Mr. Latchford Watanmal, the managing proprietor of Messrs. Watanmal Boolehand cables from Singapore that he is making a trip to Java before returning to Hong Kong.

H.E. the Governor in Council has given directions for the revision of the order of May 7, 1929, declaring Bangkok to be a place at which an infectious or contagious disease prevailed.

The name of Dr. A. P. Gutierrez, of 62, Catchick Street, Kennedy Town, Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery of the University of Hong Kong has been added to the list of local medical practitioners.

Charged with unlawful possession of 40 tael of illicit opium a Chinese was fined \$4,500, or, in default, 12 months' imprisonment, by Mr. E. W. Hamilton on Saturday. It was stated that the opium was concealed in a bundle of fireworks carried by the s.s. Amherst from Wuchow.

The usual morning mail for Macao will not be despatched on the 25th and 26th instant.

Two lots of Crown land are to be offered for sale at the P.W.D. on August 6. They are Kowloon Inland Lot 2204 (area about 13,000 square feet, upset price \$7,500) and Kowloon Inland Lot 2203, about 13,110 feet, price \$90,550).

It is notified in the *Gazette* that the Ping On Bandit Insurance Co., Ltd., will be struck off the Companies Register, if it fails to obtain a certificate to commence business within two months after the publication of this notice.

The death is announced of Mr. Wong Tien Cheung, a well-known resident in this Colony. Mr. Wong was, before the War, comprador of Reuter, Brockelmann & Co. He was the father of Mr. Wong Kwong Tin, the Chinese Representative of the Sanitary Department. A native of the Namhoi district, he was 59 years old.

On Friday evening, a girl attempted to commit suicide by jumping into the harbour from the Praya at about nine o'clock in the morning. The girl, who was about 15 years of age, was promptly rescued by the boatmen. It is reported that she was a member of a "licensed house" and tried to end her own life on account of the cruelty of her mistress.

The Dunedin Museum has secured through the Fels Fund one of the famous Easter Island statues. Only five of these have so far been removed from the island. Three of them are in the British Museum, one in Washington, and one in Berlin. Easter Island was discovered in 1888 and it contains some 600 ancient statues or torsos, stone huts, and sculptural rocks, with pictographs which have not been deciphered, and megalithic remains. Most of the carved faces are very high, one measuring 37 feet. The island is now a Chilean convict station.

Government agents at Los Angeles are suing Tom Mix, the cowboy film star, for defrauding the Government of \$20,000 and \$18,000, which they allege were withheld from his income tax returns. Tom Mix, who has been appearing at Minneapolis with his famous horse Tony, declares that he is entirely innocent. He says that his returns are made out by his woman accountant and he knows nothing about it. The agents are also taking proceedings against the accountant, as she is believed to have been responsible for incorrect returns in the case of other Hollywood stars.

Serious allegations against Portuguese officials have been made to the Southern Rhodesian Government, by a one-armed British subject named Parlett. Mr. Parlett, while on a hunting trip, by accident shot a cow elephant, which is a protected animal. On going to report the occurrence, Mr. Parlett, according to statements made in the Southern Rhodesian Assembly, was placed under an armed guard and threatened with imprisonment, while his native boys were arrested. Fearing that he might be treated as Mr. Brewer, of the Ofan Lamont, was treated in Portuguese West Africa, Mr. Parlett abandoned his kit and escaped over the border. Southern Rhodesian law officials are inquiring into the matter.

While driving his wife about on a shopping expedition in his hackney carriage, a taxi-driver of Cleveleys, near Blackpool, was stopped by the police and told that it was illegal. He said that his wife had paid her fare like any other passenger. The driver was then summoned at Fleetwood sessions for making improper use of a hackney carriage licence, and the defending solicitor said that defendant had no income, while his wife was of independent means and employed her husband to drive her about and paid her fare. He added, "Nowadays women are separate entities and not chattels, and she has a perfect right to employ her husband." The case was dismissed.

A Vienna dentist, Willy Gagavczuk, aged nineteen, has set up a new nonstop dancing record by dancing continuously for seventy-four hours. He beat the previous record by two hours.

Gabriele D'Annunzio, who had been in poor health lately, was operated on last month for appendicitis at his villa, the Vittoriale, on the Lake of Garda. It was reported that the operation was successful and that the patient was making satisfactory progress.

Mr. Murry Guggenheim, member of the well-known American Jewish family who made their millions out of copper, has established a foundation to provide a number of free dental clinics for New York children. The first clinic, which will be built as quickly as possible, will cost a million sterling. It is intended to build one clinic for each of the five city boroughs.

It was stated in evidence at an inquest at Epsom recently on Mr. Robert Charles Campbell Potter (59), of Brighton, who collapsed and died while playing golf, that his death was due to acute pneumonia, his heart being unable to cope with the demands made upon it while he took exercise. Mr. Potter would have no idea that he had pneumonia, said the doctor in reply to a question. A verdict of natural causes was returned.

Britain's latest submarine, H.M.S. Parthian, one of six submarines of the "P" class now being built, was launched at Chatham Dockyard last month, the ceremony being performed by Mrs. Stirling, wife of Rear Admiral Stirling (Admiral Superintendent of Chatham Dockyard). Before the launching a short service was conducted by the Rev. C. P. G. Rose, naval chaplain at the dockyard. The Parthian is the twenty-ninth submarine to be built at Chatham since 1903. Each of the "P" type carry a four-inch gun and eight torpedo tubes.

The news that trunk telephone calls in London are now to be charged for minute by minute, after the first three, is a reminder of an American device which is said to be working very well in the State of Washington. A little meter, controlled by electricity through a master clock, charges the subscriber according to his "telephones" and "telos" of talk. A "telephone" consists of one minute's talking and a "telos" of fifteen seconds' talk. Even the most hard-boiled gossips have been deterred from their previous custom—very prevalent in America—of camping conversationally on the wires by the thought of the relentless little "telos" ticking up every fifteen seconds. Yet running expenses have been reduced, and many more subscribers have been obtained because of the dwindling of exasperating "Number engaged" replies which previously came to people who wanted to put a call through in a hurry.

"John D." Philosophic.

The will to succeed which made John D. Rockefeller the richest man in the world will enable him to live to be at least 100 years old in the opinion of John K. Winkler, whose biography of the senior Rockefeller appeared recently. "July 8, 1829, marks Rockefeller's 90th anniversary," writes the author. "Just as he determined at 18 to become the richest man in the world, and succeeded, so he has determined to live on indefinitely upon an earth whose expansion he has so largely directed." The author destroys the accepted story that Rockefeller began life as a poor boy. His father, he says, was well-to-do, having established a small fortune by vending patent medicine. Each of the three sons of "Doc" Rockefeller were to receive \$1,000 from their father when he attained his majority, but John D. showed such business sagacity that he was given his patrimony when he was 18. Winkler says Rockefeller has become so accustomed to outliving his old friends that he now "looks upon death as calmly as one watches an autumn leaf fluttering to earth." The author sets forth part of the Rockefeller philosophy of life as follows: "I don't let anything bother me, I keep cheerful. It is true that I am saddened now and then by the death of an old friend, but I make new friends and people are very kind."

ANOTHER INCH OF RAIN!

PROSPECT OF MORE.

A very welcome 1.03 inches of rain fell during the 24 hours ending at 4 p.m. yesterday. Up to 10 a.m. the fall had been 0.78 of an inch. Last night's weather forecast from the Royal Observatory was as follows:—

Pressure is highest over S. Japan and the Loochoos, and relatively low over Tongking and in the Pacific to the east of Luzon.

Local Forecast:—S. winds, moderate, cloudy, occasional rain. All day heavy clouds were passing over the Colony and rainfall intermittently. From sunset onwards the sky was particularly stormy and a lot of sheet lightning was seen.

At the time of writing it is raining hard—and so may it continue all night!

FURTHER REGULATIONS.

The following regulations have been made by the Governor in Council:—

1. Every person at or in the vicinity of any fountain, tap, duct, source, appliance or other means of supply or distribution of water to the public shall obey all lawful orders and directions given to him by any police officer or district watchman on duty there, or by any other person authorised by the Government to attend to, supervise or control such supply or distribution.

2. No person shall in any way obstruct or hinder any such police officer, district watchman or other person in the performance of his duty.

3. Without prejudice to the authority or extent of the duties of any such police officer, district watchman or other person, it shall be lawful for him and them to give orders and directions as to who may or may not obtain water at the means of supply or distribution attended to, supervised or controlled by him or them, and as to the quantity to be drawn or taken by any person therefrom.

4. No person shall in any way falsely represent that he has authority to attend to, supervise or control the supply or distribution of water to the public.

The Public School Spirit.

The Head Master of Eton (Dr. Alington) distributed the prizes at St. Bees School, Cumberland, last month. In an address to parents and scholars he said he did not think people quite realised how complete the English public school system was, nor how very jealous of it intelligent members of other countries were. He had a great many people coming from all parts of the world and asking him to explain what the public school spirit meant. These people considered that they had discovered something which was worth having if they only knew how to get it. Referring to the value of public school life, Dr. Alington said the real thing boys learned was how to get on with one another. It was perfectly obvious that most of the troubles of the country came from the fact that people did not get on with one another and did not try.

Looking Back 25 Years.

Inspector J. A. Lyon, of the Sanitary Board charged a man with carrying on an unlicensed dairy business in Wanchai Road. On the 16th instant, it appears, Inspectors Gauld and Lyon sent an Indian constable in plain clothes to buy milk at the shop, and a bottle was sold to him for ten cents. The defendant said he did not sell any milk to the Indian, and what was more he did not keep goats. He had, certainly, 30 cows, but he used these for supplying milk for his children. (Laughter.) "How many children are there?" asked Mr. Kemp. "Upwards of ten," was the reply. Mr. Kemp convicted the man and fined him \$100 or three weeks' imprisonment.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, July 22, 1904.

Looking Back 50 Years.

Now that the weekly promenade concerts in the Botanical Gardens given by the 52nd Band of the 27th Lankshillings have, through the courtesy of the officers of the Regiment, become a regular thing, much to the gratification of the community, the question of the utilisation of the bandstand naturally crops up. The elegant little bandstand in the Botanical Gardens was erected in 1898, and cost, we believe, some sixteen hundred dollars. It was a gift to the Colony from the Parson community. But though it is a pretty ornament to the gardens, it has seldom been used by any of the Bands that have at various times played in the gardens. The reason why it is not used is that, in the first place, it is stuck in a remote nook of the Gardens, on too high a level for the Band to be heard well anywhere; and, secondly, the spot is too low and prevents the sound from rising.—*The Hong Kong Daily Press*, July 22, 1949.

RUSSIANS HURRIEDLY QUIT CHINA.

MORE RUMOURS OF HOSTILITIES.

NANKING'S MARTIAL MANIFESTO.

WILL THE KELLOGG PACT PREVAIL?

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, July 21.

Advices from Manchuli are that the reported occupation of Manchuli and Poganichnaya is incorrect.

A panic prevails amongst the Russians, and Chinese are withdrawing, but the Japanese are remaining.

The Asahi's Harbin correspondent now denies the occupation of Poganichnaya and Manchuli.

Another Rumour.

SHANGHAI, July 21.

Private advices this morning state that Russian troops attempting to cross the river at Blagovestchensk were fired on by Chinese troops and forced to retire.

"White" Cossacks.

TOKYO, July 20.

It is officially stated here that Japanese residents in Poganichnaya and Manchuli are withdrawing to Harbin and Tsitsihar, doing so under warnings from Japanese Consul officers.

"White" Cossacks whose numbers are estimated at 4,000, according to official Japanese sources are forming a "Self Defence Corps" in the Manchuli district.

From Manchuli comes intelligence that "Red" cavalry appeared within half a mile of Manchuli this morning.

New Route For Mails.

SHANGHAI, July 21.

The Soviet Consul at Kalgan left on Saturday for Russia via Urumchi. A party of fourteen persons, including women and children, left the Peking Soviet Consulate last night for Vladivostok. The Consul has not yet gone, as the handing over of affairs to the German Legation is not yet complete.

It is understood the Soviet authorities are arranging for the continuance of European mails via Siberia, routing them through Japan and Vladivostok.

"Don't Hit Me, Or Else."

MOSCOW, July 21.

Commenting on reports of Chinese mobilisation and the concentration of troops along the Soviet frontier, the *Izvestia* (an official organ) says:—

"The Union of Socialist Soviet Republics does not want war and will fight against it; but if a single Chinese soldier crosses the frontier, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will prove that it is capable of checking and worthily punishing the initiators of such an invasion."

Self-Defence.

BERLIN, July 21.

Advices from Moscow are that the Soviet Commissioner of Transport, M. Ruzutskii, declares the Soviet Government does not think of sending a single soldier across the Manchurian frontier. The measures were taken, due to a report that White Russian Guards, Russian Guards, and Russian emigres, are preparing an attack on Russia.

The Moscow Government will not declare war on China, for reasons of principle.

Russian Officials Detained.

PEKING, July 20.

Mr. T. V. MacMurray, American Minister to China, who arranged to leave on Monday with his family, for a vacation in America, was instructed last night to defer his departure owing to the Sino-Russian situation.

Despatches received at Peking confirm the detention of Melnikov, the Soviet Consul-General, by the Harbin authorities when on the point of leaving for Dairen with his staff.

It is stated that one hour before the party was due to depart the Chinese suddenly issued orders prohibiting them from leaving, on the ground that hostilities had broken out at Manchuli and Poganichnaya.

Melinikov then sought asylum for his party in the Foreign Consulate, but this was refused, and finally they were lodged in a Japanese hotel.

The Consul-General himself insisted upon staying in the Consulate, where according to latest available news, he remains, under conditions virtually amounting to internment.

It is expected the Diplomatic Body will shortly interest itself in the heavy losses with which commercial interests are faced, owing to the interruption of railway traffic in Manchuria, where 18,000 tons of freight are reported to be tied up at Harbin alone.

the Amur, which interrupted communications and has prevented the return of rolling stock.

It is reported that Tsu Siu Liang, the Chinese Minister, is 'shortly proceeding' to Moscow to discuss matters with the Soviet Government.

Nanking's Announcement.

SHANGHAI, July 20.

The National Government has issued a lengthy manifesto on the Sino-Soviet crisis.

It states, *inter alia*, that since 1927 the Soviet has conducted a persistent Communistic propaganda to undermine the National Government. The National Government, therefore, has been constrained to adopt measures of self-defence, *vis-à-vis* the Chinese Eastern Railway.

Disregarding the consequences, the Soviet Government has adopted warlike preparations, thereby violating the spirit of the anti-war pact, to which the Soviet is signatory. Such being the case, China is compelled to take precautionary measures. Responsibility for the disturbance of world peace must, therefore, rest upon the Soviet.

World attention is invited to the evidences of Soviet Government propaganda subversive to China's national interests, and to the fact, that by rupturing the traffic on the Trans-Siberian railways the Soviet Government actually causes the interruption of international communications.

A Martial Manifesto.

NANKING, July 20.

Chiang Kai Shek has issued a manifesto to the Army urging them to rise against Red Imperialism and hold up the sovereign rights of China.

Chiang Kai Shek declares the abolition of unequal treaties and a realization of the national independence of China constitute the most important points of the Chinese Revolutionary movement, and every officer and soldier of the National Army should be willing to give up his life in the fight for their realization.

"The arrogant attitude of Russia towards our Government and its rights cannot be ignored. Otherwise, how can we ever hope to abrogate the unequal treaties, and win back our proper place in the family of nations."

"The Government is determined it will not be humiliated. We have no Imperialist designs, and we must defend our rights. Unless we unite in the fight against Red Imperialism our country and people will perish."

Dr. C. T. Wang's Views.

SHANGHAI, July 20.

Dr. C. T. Wang (the Foreign Minister), on his return from North China where he was when the acute tension began, was interviewed by Reuters and displayed optimism.

He deprecated the circulation of alarmist reports, saying that while in Peking recently he issued a statement that the National Government of China is not inimical but contains friendly feelings towards the Soviet.

"However," he continued, "we are determined to exterminate Communistic propaganda in China wherever it is found and whatever the cost."

"The present attitude of the Soviet Government has compelled the National Government of China to take precautionary defensive measures, but this is not to be interpreted that we have abandoned hope to have the question settled by peaceful means."

Assurance to Foreigners.

Continuing, Dr. Wang said:—"The use to which the Chinese Eastern Railway has been put as the base of Communistic propaganda against China's Government, existing social institutions and order, by agents of the Soviet, gives China justification for resorting to a preventive and emergency measure for taking over control of the Railway and its telegraphic and telephone systems."

"It is absolutely incorrect to infer that we have nullified Russian interests in the Railway."

"There is no ground for fear, either on the part of Russia or any other Power, that foreign enterprises in China, purely for legitimate purposes, will not be duly respected by China."

"It is the fixed policy of the National Government of China always to use proper diplomatic procedure, according to the established principles of international law, in reaching an amicable and satisfactory settlement of outstanding issues between China and foreign Powers."

SERIOUS FLOODS IN HOPEI.

NO FUNDS FOR RELIEF.

INUNDATION OF VILLAGES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 21.

Recent heavy rains in North China have caused the Yangtze Ho to burst its south bank near Chochow, in Hopei.

At present ten villages are inundated, while waters are still pouring through a gap 700 feet long. The Provincial Government has sent engineers and relief workers, but they are handicapped by lack of funds, and accordingly have telegraphed the Ministry of Finance appealing for the Ministry's monthly contribution to the Hopei river funds, which are now seven months in arrears.

ALLEGED RUSSIAN INTRIGUE.

Nanking, July 20.—The Nanking Government has released for publication some of the documents seized during the raid on the Russian Consulate at Harbin.

Of the documents seized and now in the possession of the Nanking Government, a facsimile telegram from the Soviet Government to the Soviet Propaganda Agency in the Far East indicates that the Soviet Government instructed the Agency to use every effort to set the Mukden authorities at variance with the Nanking Government. It further states that if their effort were unsuccessful in this direction, the Chinese Eastern Railway should be utilized for the formation of a secret Red military organization, aiming at the destruction of the Manchurian Government.

U.S. Takes Initiative.

WASHINGTON, July 19.

It is officially announced that the United States Government has taken steps to draw the attention of the Russian and Chinese Governments to the fact that they are signatories to the Kellogg Pact for the renunciation of war.

It is explained that the United States, having, like Britain, no diplomatic relations with Russia, could not approach the Soviet Government directly, but the State Department called the French, British and Japanese Ambassadors into conference, and it was agreed that the move should be made through France.

This explains the message from Paris stating that M. Briand had received successfully the Chinese Minister and the Russian Ambassador, and had reminded them that they had signed the Kellogg Pact. He also counselled them to exercise moderation in order to avoid hostilities.

It transpired this evening that Col. H. L. Stimson, the Secretary of State, saw the Chinese Minister in Washington personally.

While the State Department lacks authoritative information on the underlying causes of the Sino-Russian dispute, Col. H. L. Stimson, on the basis of the newspaper despatches, feels that the crisis should be settled without hostilities. Senator Borah has issued a statement in which he strongly commends Russia for recognition of the Kellogg Pact in the present controversy in China and says he hopes and believes that the difficulty will be amicably adjusted.

Britain In Concord.

LONDON, July 20.

The Foreign Office states that His Majesty's Government has informed the Governments of the United States of America and France that it entirely associated itself with their efforts by friendly advice to secure relaxation in the tension between China and Russia.

Authoritative circles in London do not regard the situation as being unduly pessimistic. It is pointed out that there are still methods of communication between China and Russia, although it is not clear what, if any, communication is passing between the Chinese and Russian Governments.

Japan Approves.

TOKYO, July 20.

The report of Mr. Debuchi (Japanese Ambassador to the U.S.A.) with regard to the moves of Col. H. L. Stimson (the U.S. Secretary of State) to avert hostilities between China and Russia have not been received; but Press despatches in this connection have favourably impressed Japanese officialdom.

A spokesman for the Japanese Foreign Office said that it is impossible to state Japan's attitude pending receipt of official notification from Washington and the Japanese Cabinet's consideration of it, but it is believed that Col. Stimson's initiative will be well come to Japan.

The Foreign Office has not divulged the content of the interviews of Mr. B. Shidehara with the Chinese Minister to Japan and the Soviet Ambassador to Japan.

(Continued on next column.)

FRANCE WILL PAY WAR DEBTS.

RATIFIES U.S. AND BRITISH AGREEMENTS.

CHAMBER DEBATE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, July 20.

The War Debts Agreement Debate in the Chamber was advanced another stage when the Government obtained a narrow majority of 23 in the House, 576 delegates being in favour of discussing the resolution moved by M. Deligne, in which it is approved that this resolution, while approving the ratification of the Agreements without reservations, implies that French payments shall be dependent on German Reparation payments under the Young plan.

Final ratification in the form approved by the Government now seems assured, although the text of the Deligne motion may be amended in debate.

Adopted.

The Deputies have ratified the London and Washington Agreements.

The Agreement with Britain when discussed, was adopted practically unanimously, and by show of hands. The resolution which authorised the ratification of the Agreement for the funding of the repayment (in 62 annuities), of French debts to the United States was only carried by 300 votes to 292.

The Chamber had earlier adopted, by 282 votes to 274, the first three clauses of a motion by M. Héraud declaring that the burdens imposed upon France by the London and Washington Agreements must be covered by the sums Germany has to pay to France.

The Finance Minister left it to the Chamber to select a motion embodying the reservations it preferred, provided it voted for ratification authorisation.

M. Deligne supported M. Hemud's motion, which was then adopted as a whole by show of hands.

There is reason to believe, however, that Baron Shidehara neither committed Japan to neutrality, nor offered advice in any form—since the Japanese policy prior to Col. Stimson's initiative was definitely "hands off."

Washington's Confidence.

NEW YORK, July 20.

Absolute confidence is felt in Washington by officials and diplomatic circles that the Kellogg Pact will bear precious fruit by averting war between Russia and China.

Newspapers everywhere hail the United States initiative in world affairs with the utmost satisfaction, and the opinion is expressed that the effect of an official reminder of China's and the Soviet's obligations to keep the peace under the Kellogg Treaty should be decisive with both nations.

Not Received in Moscow.

MOSCOW, July 21.

In connection with the Washington report that Col. Stimson called the attention of China, the Soviet, Britain, Japan, and France to the possibility of submitting the conflict regarding the Chinese Eastern Railway to arbitration, the official Tass agency learns that no communication has so far been received in Moscow from the American Government.

M. Briand's Report.

PARIS, July 21.

M. Briand at the recent interview with the Soviet Ambassador and the Chinese Minister, hoped that their countries would refer the dispute to arbitration.

Both diplomats reported the interview to their respective Governments.

WASHINGTON, July 21. The French Ambassador, M. Claudel, to-day delivered, at the State Department a message from M. Briand concerning the Sino-Soviet dispute.

"Times" Blames China.

LONDON, July 20.

The *Times*, writing on the tension in the Far East, says the Soviet and Chinese Governments have made it a grievance recently that they had not been treated on a footing of equality by the West. Both expressed pacific intentions and signed the Kellogg Pact, but this had not prevented the Chinese Government from committing what certainly appears to be an overt and provocative breach of a solemn international engagement, in circumstances which leave much doubt as to the purely "defensive" character of its action, any more than it had restrained the Soviet Government from taking the fateful steps which usually have been the prelude to an outbreak of war between nations.

Membership of a community of civilized nations and the acceptance of a treaty like the Kellogg Pact impose obligations. *The Times* adds, "the observance of which today is the first crucial test of international status and prestige."

LONDON TO BUENOS AIRES.

NEW PHONE SERVICE.

FORTY SHILLINGS A MINUTE!

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUSSIA, July 20.

The telephone service between London and Buenos Aires, a distance of over 7,000 miles, opens on Monday.

At first it will be a limited service between 5.30 p.m. and 9 p.m. The charge will be 12s/- for the first three minutes, and 4s/- for each minute thereafter. No charge will be made for the present if the call is not completed.

This will be the longest regular British telephone service, although successful experimental talks have been made with Australia, 19,000 miles away. It is already possible to talk to any city in America at any time, and San Francisco is approximately 5,000 miles from London. To speak to New York, 2,800 miles from London costs 18s/- for three minutes. To speak to Mexico, 5,000 miles away, the minimum cost is 24s/-.

HEAVY STORMS IN ENGLAND.

SOUTH COAST TIDAL WAVE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 21.

After the hottest day of the year in the course of which the thermometer touched 89 deg. in the shade, a heavy thunderstorm broke over the South of England to-day. There were several casualties, which included one death from lightning. In many South Coast resorts the storm was accompanied by a tidal wave, and two people were drowned. There is much damage from flooding in the London area.

KING ALFONSO AT AERO SHOW.

A SURPRISE VISIT.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUSSIA, July 20.

The King of Spain made a surprise visit to the International Aero Exhibition at Olympia last night.

Dispensing with all formalities he paid his admission fee at the turnstile, and had begun a tour of the show in company with his entourage before the exhibition officials were aware of his presence. He spent nearly two hours at the exhibition. King Alfonso will leave London on Monday for Spain.

M. Bieri, who in 1906 was the first man to fly the English Channel, also visited Olympia yesterday.

DUKE'S VISIT TO JAPAN.

HONOURS ACCORDED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUSSIA, July 20.

Sir John Tilley, British Ambassador to Tokyo, has been made Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order; Lord Airie, Rear Admiral Maude and Major-General Sir Hugh Ellis, Knights Commander; and Mr. Hugh Lloyd Thomas, Commander in the same order, on the occasion of the recent mission of the Duke of Gloucester to Japan to invest the Emperor with the Order of the Garter.

COMMUNISTS IN NEW YORK.

DEMONSTRATE AGAINST BOY SCOUTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, July 20.

One hundred youthful Communists, including many girls, demonstrated at the Cusack docks, and jeered at 237 Boy Scouts going to England for the Great Jamboree at Birmenhead.

The girls scratched and kicked the police, but ultimately their banners were thrown into the river. Three young men were arrested and may be deported.

PRINCE GEORGE UNWELL.

ALL ENGAGEMENTS CANCELLED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 19.

Prince George is indisposed and may have to take a short cure.

Prince George's comptroller, interviewed by Reuters, said the Prince's digestion had been disordered for some time and that a few weeks' dieting had been considered prudent. The Prince had cancelled all his public engagements and temporarily relinquished his duties at the Foreign Office. He would spend as much time as possible in the country.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE COLONIES.

BILL PASSES THIRD READING.

PROTECTION OF NATIVES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 19.

In the House of Commons, the third reading of the Colonial Development Bill was submitted. It included the amendment moved by Sir Oswald Mosley (Lab.) dealing with fair conditions of labour on work the cost of which was being defrayed by the State, the laying down of wages not to be less than the standard rates; prohibiting forced labour and the employment of child labour; also providing that any territory in respect of which an allowance had been made should participate in the increase of values directly attributable to such allowance.

Mr. Ormsby Gore (Con.) hoped the provision regarding increased values would not lead to special head or hut taxes. He pointed out that increased wealth in places like West Africa was only due to increased efforts of the natives themselves. Hence additional taxation would prove a deterrent.

Sir O. Mosley, replying, said the Bill embodied the most stringent safeguards for the natives.

FIGHTING MALARIA.

KEENER CAMPAIGN URGED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 20.

Mr. A. W. Still, of the Rubber Growers' Association (formerly Editor of the "Straits Times"), has been elected chairman of the Industrial and Anti-Malarial Advisory Committee of the Ross Institute.

Speaking at a meeting of the Advisory Committee, Sir Malcolm Watson said that only one or two countries made use of the Ross discovery. The remedy was to get estate doctors, engineers, etc. to come to the Ross Institute, when at home on furlough, to learn what could be done to control malaria. Three men were already working in the Institute and others had arranged to come, Sir Malcolm added.

Practical Methods.

Sir Malcolm also outlined the practical course he proposed to give in the Institute. It was desirable that men should bring plans of their estates, statistics, etc., he said.

The Executive Committee had arranged a subsidy for certain men doing special malaria control work in the tropics. Sir Malcolm Watson proposed that the Committee would direct its energies chiefly to industrial concerns.

He concluded by saying that Bengal would follow the way of Ceylon, of which Colony two-thirds was now uninhabitable, if something were not done soon to control malaria there.

GERMANY'S POWER TO PAY.

OPTIMISTIC REPORT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, July 20.

The interim report of the Agent-General for Reparations for the first nine months of the fifth annuity, for the year ending May 31 last, has a most optimistic tone with regard to Germany's present position and her future economic and financial development.

Germany, however, has been again warned to keep down her expenditure and pay from existing revenue. German exports continue to rise while imports generally have not altered. A marked reduction in the latter is not anticipated as Germany depends upon the rest of the world for considerable raw material.

Britain's share of the Reparations payments, and the transfer during the period under review, amounted to about £20,000,000. France's to £24,000,000, Italy £7,000,000, and United States £2,500,000, out of a total of £100,000,000 which became available.

COTTON DISPUTE DEADLOCK.

GOVERNMENT ANXIOUS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 20.

A complete deadlock has resulted in connection with the joint Cotton Conference at Manchester, the employers having refused the operatives' request that the notices should be withdrawn before the negotiations.

Later.

Sir Horace Wilson (Permanent Secretary to the Ministry of Labour) is devoting urgent attention to the deadlock in the Lancashire cotton question with a view to finding a new basis of discussion. Meanwhile, Miss Margaret Bond (Minister of Labour) will be in close touch with the whole position during the week-end.

Telegrams in Brief.

It is reported that Hidayatullah, stepbrother of ex-King Amanullah, and three other sympathisers of Amanullah, have been strangled in Kabul. A section of the Afghans have joined the Waziris, in supporting Nadir Khan.

Governor-General Kawamura of Formosa has tendered his resignation to Mr. Hamaguchi, the Premier.

President Hoover intends to recommend Congress to grant compensation to Florida citrus growers for the damage occasioned by the Federal activities for the extermination of the Mediterranean fruit fly.

Conversations between the Government with miners and coal-owners regarding conditions in the coal industry are being continued. The Prime Minister received representatives of the Miners' Federation and has arranged to meet the coal-owners again next Tuesday. Contact will continue during the Parliamentary recess.

Six new inspectors have been assigned to foreign ports—five for Europe and one for Shanghai—to investigate all shipments of narcotics to the United States.

SLAVERY IN THE EMPIRE.

MR. HENDERSON RECEIVES DELEGATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 19.

The Secretary for Foreign Affairs (Mr. Arthur Henderson) today received a deputation from the Anti-Slavery and Aborigines' Protection Society.

They suggested that a temporary Slavery Commission should be revived by a decision of the next assembly and that, when it had been revived, documents in the possession of the British Government concerning slavery in Abyssinia and concerning raids from Abyssinia into British territory and traffic across the Red Sea, etc., should be sent by the British Government to the commission.

In his reply Mr. Henderson assured the deputation of the personal sympathy of himself and the Prime Minister and promised that, in consultation with the departments concerned he would give favourable consideration to the proposal which they had made.



As
Delightful
as it is
Nourishing

OVALTINE
COLD

TRY this really delightful drink for summer days—cold. 'Ovaltine' As delicious in this way as when made as a hot beverage. It not merely quenches the thirst, but refreshes and invigorates as well. It supplies, too, the nourishment you particularly need in the summer—for ordinary hot weather foods contain little nourishment—while the need for nourishment remains much the same all the year round.

Cold 'Ovaltine' is easy to prepare. Add to cold milk or milk and water. Whisk with an egg-whisk or shake in a cocktail shaker. Then you have a creamy, foaming drink—as delicious as it is refreshing. Brimful, too, of energy-giving nourishment to enable you to avoid fatigue and to keep vigorous and healthy.

Local Sport

LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE.

"DOUBLES" FOR CIVIL SERVICE AND RECREIO.

KOWLOON DOCK REGAIN SENIOR LEADERSHIP.

TAIKOO FALL AT HOME.

Victories in both Divisions for Civil Service and Club de Recreio, and double defeats for Taikoo and Kowloon C.C., were features of the lawn bowls matches on Saturday. The defeat of Taikoo seniors at home was unexpected, but they lost by only three shots to Club de Recreio, whose junior team also did well at King's Park.

Kowloon Dock's success has placed them at the head of the League Table with Craigengower and Civil Service on an equal footing. Civil Service juniors strengthened their position as leaders by adding another two points. They hold the best record, having lost only two matches in nine.

RESULTS AT A GLANCE.

DIVISION I.

Craigengower (home) beat Bowling Green Club by nine shots (30-31).
Taikoo (home) lost to Club de Recreio by three shots (57-60).
Police (home) lost to Civil Service by 24 shots (37-61).
Kowloon Dock (home) beat Kowloon C.C. by 46 shots (33-37).

DIVISION II.

Bowling Green Club (home) beat Craigengower by 31 shots (78-45).
Civil Service (home) beat the Yacht Club by 29 shots (79-53).
Club de Recreio (home) beat Taikoo by 20 shots (63-43).
Kowloon C.C. (home) lost to H.K. Electric by 17 shots (56-73).

DIVISION I.

Craigengower v. Bowling Green Club.
Playing at home, Craigengower beat Bowling Green Club by nine shots (30-31).
C.C.C. v. R.H.K.C.
Brightman v. Ecclesham.
Coates v. Roylance.
Arculli v. Muir.
Omar (S.) ... 10 Gow (S.) ... 20
Nevins v. Duncan.
Sousa v. Hogbin.
Rumjahn v. Farrell.
Bradbury (S.) ... 21 Russell (S.) ... 15
Buchanan v. Hall.
Razack v. Rose.
Beer v. Nish.
Bass (S.) ... 29 Guy (S.) ... 15
Total ... 60 Total ... 51

Talkoo v. Club de Recreio.

Playing at home, Taikoo lost to Club de Recreio by three shots (57-60).

T.E.C. v. Retreio.

Grimes v. C. F. Vaz.
Stalker v. Lopes.
Lain v. Marques.
Ferguson v. A. Ribeiro.
McLeod v. L. Sousa.
Chapman v. H. Alves.
Wallace v. C. Silva.
Wotherspoon v. R. Luz.
Chalmers v. F. X. Silva.
Sloan v. Cutler.
Matthews v. Alves.
Drummond v. Yvanovich.
Total ... 57 Total ... 60

Police v. Civil Service.

Playing at home, the Police lost to Civil Service by 24 shots (47-61).

P.R.C. v. C.S.C.C.

Glendinning v. Randle.
McLeod v. Deakin.
Hollands v. Hollidge.
Mose (S.) ... 11 Grimmit (S.) ... 19
Nolan v. Bookar.
Hargreaves v. Alderman.
Maughan v. Brawn (S.) ... 13
Shepherd v. Laing.
Field v. Holdman.
Fender v. Gregory.
West (S.) ... 11 Taylor (S.) ... 24
Total ... 37 Total ... 61

Kowloon Dock v. Kowloon C.C.

Playing at home, Kowloon Dock beat Kowloon C.C. by 46 shots (33-37).

K.D.R.C. v. K.O.C.

Cooper v. Fincher.
Docherty v. Burford.
McKelvie v. Hyde-Lay.
Punchoon (S.) ... 27 Silstone (S.) ... 7
Atkinson v. Hampton.
Greig v. Howe.
Hedley v. Lammet.
Brown (S.) ... 27 Fraser (S.) ... 17
Goodman v. Gittins.
Ramsey v. Petheram.
Gray (S.) ... 29 Gibson (S.) ... 14
Total ... 83 Total ... 37

TENNIS LEAGUE.

Y.M.C.A. SURPRISED.

AMAZING EXCHANGES AT RECREIO.

A somewhat meagre programme of League matches was carried out on Saturday, there being no "A" Division contests.

Interest is still being maintained in the "B" and "C" Division where there is close competition for honours, and while it can safely be said that the Hong Kong Cricket Club are certain winners of the "A" Shield for the current season, the issue for the two other Shields has yet to be decided.

None of Saturday's results affected the leading Clubs. Y.M.C.A., who have done remarkably well this season in the "B" Division, received a set-back at the hands of Nippon Club whom they were expected to beat.

Interesting games took place at Recreio who received the R.E. & S. in the "B" and "C" Divisions. In the former match the visitors took things by storm, seizing every set, but the home team retaliated in the "C" Division inflicting a similar defeat on the military. Recreio have thus retained the leading position in the Table. The Chinese Recreation Club are continuing to show up well in the "C" Division, beating the Hong Kong Cricket Club comfortably, while Craigengower secured their initial point in the same division at the expense of R.A.O.C.

The details follow:—

"B" DIVISION.

NIPPON v. Y.M.C.A.

The Nippon Club, on their own ground, beat the European Young Men's Christian Association by six sets to three.

Nippon:—K. Nakura and Y. Sakai. N. Nomura and K. Suenaga. Y.M.C.A.:—E. R. Price and H. R. H. Moffatt. C. S. Pile and J. P. Hedley. A. Rump and A. White.

RECREIO v. R.E. & S. or S.

At King's Park, the Club de Recreio lost to the Royal Engineers and Royal Corps of Signals by nine sets to nil.

S.C.A.A. v. INDIAN R.C.

South China Athletic Association, on their own ground, defeated the Indian Recreation Club by six sets to three.

S.C.A.A.:—Li Yu Wing and Tso Chung Yan. Tsoi Ping Fan and Wong Fook Nam. Taung Nung Hin and Yung Nai Cheong.

I.R.C.:—S. A. R. Bux and A. N. Madar. D. Mohamed and M. O. Hosen. S. S. Hussain and J. S. Akker.

"C" DIVISION.

CHINESE R.C. v. H.K.C.C.

At Causeway Bay, the Chinese Recreation Club defeated the Hong Kong Cricket Club by seven sets to two.

C.R.C.:—C. C. Chiu and W. C. Hung. M. K. Lau and T. L. Lu. W. P. Chau and P. K. Kwok.

H.K.C.C.:—H. V. Parker and J. A. Summers. C. H. Bradley and V. R. Gordon. L. A. R. Duncan and N. S. Lee.

RECREIO v. R.E. & S. or S.

At King's Park, the Club de Recreio defeated the Royal Engineers and Royal Corps of Signals by nine sets to nil.

RECREIO:—J. Xavier and M. Oliveira. M. Remedios and C. Xavier. C. Basto and H. Noronha.

R.E. & S.:—Lieut. Sabin and L/Cpl. Hutchins. L/Cpl. Penny and Sgt. Atwood. Q.M.S. Guinan and Q.M.S. McCulloch.

R.A.O.C. v. C.C.C.

At Sookunpo, the Royal Army Ordnance Corps lost to the Craigengower Cricket Club by three sets to six.

(Continued on next column).

YESTERDAY'S BALL GAME.

HONG KONG "SHUT-OUT."

VISITORS' FINE SHOWING.

In a tame 9-inning game at Caroline Hill yesterday, the Meiji University scored a "shut-out" victory over the All Hong Kong nine, before a large crowd. There were several changes in the local outfit, who put up an indifferent exhibition. Ruffin, who made a big reputation when he turned out for the Baseball Club in the local league last year, made a trip down from Canton specially to pitch for the locals. Ruffin kept the bingles well scattered, but he received little or no support from the rest of the side—the fact of ten errors being committed during the game tells its own tale.

On the other hand the Japanese underdogs put up a sparkling show, though it must be said that they were not greatly extended. Akagi in the box had things pretty much his own way, and when he retired after the fifth frame, Nakamura stepped on the mound and kept up the good work.

The Play.

Hong Kong started the game, but were soon blanked out. Then the underdogs went in and a three bagger from Washio brought Tamabe home.

The visitors collected 3 runs in the second and third innings respectively, mainly through slack fielding on Hong Kong's part. Two runs in each of the two following innings saw the Meiji men 11 up. Neither side scored in the 6th and 7th innings. The eighth inning—and it proved to be their last—was just a merry-go-round affair for the men from the Land of the Rising Sun. Clever bunting, hitting and base-running resulted in their adding another six to their score and when the local men went in for their final "go" they made a desperate but unsuccessful attempt to save a "shut-out."

On the whole it was a disappointing game. The local side were confidently expected to put up a better exhibition. Ruffin in the box was good, and Zaira and Burrell in the outfield were always safe. As regards the visitors, one and all showed up well, but mention must be made of the sound pitching of Akagi and Nakamura.

Line Up and Scores.

The line up was:—
Hong Kong:—Meiji.
Ruffin. p. Akagi.
M. Chang. c. Tanaka.
Leonard. 1b. Washio.
Pau. 2b. Sumida.
Kwok. 3b. Mano.
Hutchins. ss. Tanabe.
Zaira. cf. Masu.
Burrell. rf. Youzawa.
E. Chang. lf. Sakurai.
After the 5th innings Nakamura, Washio and Matsuki took over the positions of pitcher, catcher and 1st baseman respectively, while Ed. Chang relieved Ruffin on the mound for Hong Kong.

The final scores were:—

Hong Kong 0 3 10
Meiji 17 14 2
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Hong Kong 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Meiji 1 3 2 2 0 6—17
Umpires: Furbush and Carter.

The Visitors Entertained.

Following the ball game a Chinese dinner was given in honour of the visitors at the Ka Ping Restaurant, which was attended by quite a number of ball fans.

The evening was very much enjoyed by all present and the party broke-up shortly before midnight.

R.A.O.C.:—Major White and Capt. Weir. S/Serg. Hardy and S/Serg. Greenaway. S.Q.M.S. Richardson and L/Cpl. Morgan.

C.C.C.:—D. O'Leary and E. B. Hamson. A. B. Hamson and G. Kelly. T. Hamet and V. Sousa.

TENNIS LEAGUE.

"A" Division.

Hong Kong C.C. 7 7 0 7
Chinese R.C. 7 8 1 6
Kowloon C.C. 7 5 2 5
M.B.K. 7 4 3 4
South China A.A. 6 2 4 3
Club de Recreio 4 1 3 1
Craigengower C.C. 4 1 3 1
Indian R.C. 6 0 6 0
University 6 0 6 0

"B" Division.

Chinese R.C. 7 7 0 7
Hong Kong C.C. 5 3 0 5
M.B.K. 6 4 2 4
R.E. & S. 7 4 3 4
Y.M.C.A. 6 3 3 3
South China A.A. 6 3 3 3
Nippon 6 3 3 3
University 6 3 3 3
Club de Recreio 6 2 4 2
Kowloon C.C. 8 1 2 1
Indian R.C. 7 0 7 0

"C" Division.

Club de Recreio 6 6 0 6
Chinese R.C. 6 5 1 5
Hong Kong C.C. 7 5 2 5
South China A.A. 4 4 0 4
Civil Service C.C. 3 4 4 4
Indian R.C. 6 2 4 2
Craigengower C.C. 6 1 3 1
R.A.O.C. 7 1 6 1
R.E. & S. 6 0 6 0

DAVIS CUP GAMES.

AMERICA BEAT GERMANY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, July 20.

In the inter-zone final of the Davis Cup lawn tennis competition W. T. Tilden beat Moldenhauer in straight sets, 6-2, 6-4, 6-4; and Tilden's partner in doubles, F. T. Hunter, beat Prens 3-6, 6-3, 6-4, 6-3.

LATER.

America beat Germany by 3 matches to nil, and meet France in the Challenge round at Paris on July 28-29.

In the doubles, Allison and Van Ryn beat Moldenhauer and Prens 9-11, 6-2, 6-4, 6-3.

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE VICTORS.

WIN TENNIS CUP IN AMERICA.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEWPORT, R.I., July 21.

Oxford and Cambridge lawn tennis players beat Harvard and Yale by 15 matches to 6 to-day, thus winning the Practice Cup for the second time.

Complete Control—

Healthy, glossy hair—unruffled throughout the day! Use Anzora every morning and keep your hair under complete control.

Our Hong Kong Agents—
The Colonial Dispensary,
14, Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.
See Hing & Co.,
24, Postinger Street, Hong Kong.
See Bros & Co., B. T. & H. T.,
46, Simsbury Street, Hong Kong.

ANZORA
Masters the Hair!
Manufactured by—
Anzora Perfumery Co., Ltd., London, N.W. 2, England.



Anzora Cream for greasy scalp. Anzora Violets for dry scalp. Sold by Dispensaries, Hairdressers and Stores, or from our Agents.



FOR SALE.

HIGH Tension WIRELESS BATTERY. "Premier" Make. In First-class Condition. \$15.—Apply Box 8137, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8137]

FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, 3-Roomed BUNGALOW.—Reply: SECRETARY, P.O. Box 22. [7794]

ONE "STANDARD" PRINTING MACHINE.—Size of Inside Frame—35" x 23". Monthly instalments can be arranged. For particulars please write Box No. 8028, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8028]

DRESS SUIT (including Tail-coat and Tuxedo), Fit Man 5-11. 10 in. Chest 44 in. Practically New. Will Sell Cheap.—Address: Box 8083, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8083]

KOREAN CABINET, Handsomely Decorated with Brass. Genuine Old Piece. Price \$250. Seen by Appointment.—Box 8084, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8084]

MOTOR-CYCLE (Indian) in First-class Running Order. Tyres Almost New. Moderate Price.—Box 8085, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8085]

TUITION WANTED.

A SHORTHAND INSTRUCTOR by Young Lady and Her Brother. Gregg's System preferred. Terms must be Moderate.—Write Box 8121, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8121]

JAPANESE LESSONS (Beginner), Evening Only. Please state Terms to Box No. 8126, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8126]

HOUSES WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE on Peak Any Size, or Two Bedrooms, Baths and Accommodation for Light House-keeping in Private Home.—P. N. JESTER, AMERICAN CONSULATE. [8075]

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET.—FLATS in HUMPHREYS and CARMARVON BUILDINGS. Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.,
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. [7393]

TO LET or FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, Two Semi-detached 2-Roomed HOUSES with Tennis Court and Garage to Each House.—Reply: SECRETARY, P.O. Box 22. [7794]

TO LET, FURNISHED, One ROOM, with Use of Kitchen and Bathroom.—Apply Mrs. CHAN, 587, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON. [7973]

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—At FANLING (in On Lok Village), Furnished or Unfurnished, 4 Roomed HOUSE with Garden and Garage. Moderate Price. Apply: KWONG SANG HONG, LTD., 250, Des Voeux ROAD CENTRAL. [7794]

TO LET.—OFFICE in ASIATIC BUILDING.—Apply: SECRETARY. [5059]

TO LET.—From 1st SEPTEMBER, No. 1, KELLETTS HOUSE, FRANK, Four Rooms, Flush System, Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters. All Modern Conveniences.—Apply DEACONS, PRINCE'S BUILDING. [472]

FIVE-ROOM HOUSE in No. 49, GRANVILLE ROAD, KOWLOON. Apply to: SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUATION. [8066]

FILAT, 16, MACDONNELL ROAD, with Every Modern Convenience. Occasional Use of Tennis Court. Quiet Locality, Splendid View.—Apply XAVIER BROS., Ltd., TEL. C. 8216 or TEL. C. 8722. [471]

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXPERIENCED TYPIST will undertake Any TYPING Work at Moderate Rate After 5 p.m.—Please apply to Box No. 8133, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8133]

EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER, Well Conversant with Accounts, will undertake Work at Moderate Rate After 5 p.m.—Please write Box No. 8134, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8134]

POSITIONS WANTED.

ENGLISH LADY seeks Engagement as TYPIST and BOOK-KEEPER. Can write some Shorthand.—Address: Box 8086, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8086]

PORTUGUESE GIRL desires Position as TYPIST-STENOGRAPHER.—Address: Box 8087, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8087]

BRITISHER, age 35, wants Engagement as ENGINEER and FITTER. Good Experience. Ashore and at Sea.—Address: Box 8088, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8088]

WELL-EDUCATED CHINESE Seeks Employment in Secretarial Work. Outposts preferred.—Please write Box No. 8127, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8127]

WANTED.

BOUND Volumes of "HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS", 1928, Vol. I, and Vol. II, 1927 Vol. I. Or Unbound Numbers covering Those Periods. Write: Box 7936, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7936]

MATCHED for Three Months on CASTLE PEAK ROAD. State Terms to Box 8089, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8089]

ADVERTISER wishes use of MATCHED at REVERLY BAR for his Family Three Afternoon Weekly.—Address, stating Terms, Box 8090, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8090]

SECOND-HAND ENGLISH CAR Wanted, Four-Seater; Must be Cheap. State Make and Price to Box 8091, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [8091]

WISH TO Buy a Second-hand CABINET Size, Argo Camera with Lens 6.8 to 4.5.—Apply Box No. 474, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [474]

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED Immediately for Six Months, Expert Lady STENOGRAPHER.—Apply SECRETARY, P.O. Box 22. [8129]

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET.

HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps for postage should be remitted.

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Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of One Dollar for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$1.50.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Please insert.....time		Enclosed.....in payment.	
Signature.....		Address.....	

Address—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press,"

11, Ice House Street, or P.O. Box 1.

ENGLAND'S TEAM CHANGES.

MEN FOR FOURTH TEST.

A. W. CARR DISPLACES J. C. WHITE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 20.

England's cricket selectors have chosen the team for the Fourth Test Match against South Africa, over three days at Manchester, beginning on July 27, as follows:—

A. W. Carr (Nottingham), captain, R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwickshire), H. Sutcliffe (Yorkshire), E. H. Bowley (Sussex), W. R. Hammond (Gloucester), F. E. Woolley (Kent), M. Leyland (Yorkshire), M. W. Tate (Sussex), A. P. Freeman (Kent), G. Duckworth (Lancashire), G. G. Geary (Leicestershire), E. Hendren (Middlesex) 12th man.

J. B. Hobbs (Surrey) was selected but he informed the Committee that he did not feel justified in accepting and asked to be allowed to stand down.

There are no surprises or experiments about the above team. Mr. J. C. White, Somerset's most sporting captain, has stood down from the captaincy and is succeeded by Mr. A. W. Carr. Mr. White has not met with any special success in the games against South Africa and with "Tich" Freeman at the top of his form and very useful slow bowlers in Woolley and Bowley he no doubt felt that the substitution of a sound and vigorous batsman like Mr. Carr would strengthen the side. Mr. Carr is a forceful and adventurous leader not afraid to take risks and he has well earned the honour of captaining England. He has an admirable team, the only weakness being the absence of a fast bowler. Lordwood, however, is in need of a rest, and Geary, one of the best bowlers in the country, takes his place. The attack will mainly depend on Tate, Geary and Freeman, with Hammond, Woolley, Leyland and Bowley able to take a turn. It is essentially a mature team but there can be no doubt about the solid achievements of all the players concerned. It looks as if Bowley is going to consolidate his place as England's opening batsman in partnership with Sutcliffe. The somewhat erratic nature of the Sussex batting has long ago taught Bowley the first essential of the Test player, imperturbability when everyone else is flustered!

MYSTERY SPEED BOAT.

SEEKS INTERNATIONAL TROPHY.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 20.

A secretly built speed boat, driven by three Napier engines each developing over 900 h.p., was launched in the Isle of Wight last night, and was to-day shipped on the White Star liner Arabic in connection with the attempt which its owner, Miss Carstairs, will make in Detroit River next month, to win the International motor boat trophy.

The boat, which is named Estelle IV., is 35ft. long, and was constructed at Miss Carstairs' own expense, and under her own supervision. The boat, in care of a team of mechanics and boatbuilders, will first be taken to Gravenhurst, Ontario, where speed tests will be carried out on Lake Muskoka.

SOUTH CHINA A.A.

The following are the newly elected South China Athletic Association officials for the ensuing year:—

President.—Li Yau Chuen.
Vice-Presidents.—T. N. Chau and O. W. Luke.
Chairman.—Tsui Kin Yung.
Vice-Chairmen.—Ho Yu and Ng Kwong.
Hon. Treasurer.—Li Tze Chung.
General Secretary.—J. S. Shak.
Assistants, Leung Yu Wing and K. F. June.

Educational.—Manager, So Pei Shao; assistants, Lai Dai Po and Chan Tin Yau.
Intelligence.—Manager, Tsui Wai Yut; assistants, Wong Yin Nin and Yu Kui Yin.
Social.—Manager, Sham Hip Tong; assistant, Kwok An Po.
Boy Scout.—Manager, Leung Cho Yue; assistant, Leung Sui Sang.
Boxing.—Manager, Sun Cho Wing; assistants, Wong Shiu Cheung, Li Kam Fuk and Wei Man Wei.

Track and Field.—Manager, Li Wai Chai; assistant, Li Shiu Lun.
Football.—Manager, Wong Ka Tsun; assistants, Tong Shuk Pui, Lau Pak Wai and Ho Yau Kwong.
Baseball.—Manager, Wong Kuei Si; assistants, R. Shim and Kwong Man Kit.

Basketball.—Manager, Li Woon Choi; assistant, Lam Ming Fun.
Billiards.—Manager, Leung Pun Sun; assistant, Tsang Chung Nin.
Tennis.—Manager, Ho Wei Hing; assistants, Chan So and Mok Hing Chiu.

Volleyball.—Manager, Fung Yu Kun; assistants, Lam Shiu Wa and Chan Sik Ping.
Swimming.—Manager, Yuen Chan Fai; assistants, Li Kam Fuk, Leung Tin Sang and Cheung Ming.

Amusements.—Manager, Ko Yau Cheung; assistant, Leung Wing Tak.

Music.—Manager, Pun Ying Tat; assistants, Sun Cho Yee and Fung Wai Kit.
Committee.—Wong Pak Fat, Lau Tat Ting, Au Tat Hing, Luk Cheuk Fung, Pang Tse Ming, Lam Chung Hoi, Li Hoi Kam, Li Yui Wing, Shuk Tak On, Yung King Yin, Wong Hin Chiu, Leung King Ting, Tuck Shing Cho, Chan Chun Sang, Hung Yau Chau, Chan Tak Chiu and Tin Yut On.

STEEL AND COULSON BILLIARDS.

Following are the results of last week's matches in the competition for the Steel and Coulson Billiards Cup:—

Tuesday.

H.K. Police Reserves lost to Somerset 745-751.
Buffalo Club lost to C. and P.O.'s 745-761.

Hong Kong Police beat R.E. Sergeants 874-630.
Craigengower C.C. beat Garrison Sergeants' Mess 900-541.
St. Patrick's Club beat R.A. Sergeants 900-461.

Friday.

Somerset beat H.K. Police Reserves 525-748.
Chief and Petty Officers beat Buffalo Club 524-744.

R.E. Sergeants lost to H.K. Police 647-533.
Garrison Sergeants' Mess beat Craigengower 829-815.

R.A. Sergeants lost to St. Patrick's Club 540-900.

INTER-VARSITY GAMES.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

TRAVERS ISLAND, N.Y., July 20.
In the inter-arsity athletics to-day Princeton and Cornell defeated Oxford and Cambridge by 9 events to 3.

CRAIGENGOWER C.C. CONCERT.

A PLEASANT EVENING.

Two or three sharp showers seemed likely to spoil the open-air concert of the Craigengower Cricket Club, on Saturday night, but fortunately it was found possible, after some re-arrangement, to hold the entertainment on the Club's spacious verandah.

A good number of members and friends assembled to hear a thoroughly enjoyable programme. Some excellent talent had been got together, and after an overture by Messrs. H. and R. Castro, Mr. L. E. Benedice was engaged for his singing of "Roses of Picardy." The humorous efforts of Mr. W. Gill (in monologue), and Mr. Edinburgh were much appreciated, as was Mr. Anniss' singing of "For You Alone."

Miss Nellie Field was heard to much advantage in "Indian Love Call" and "Moon River." Mr. H. Castro contributed a violin solo, and Mr. Hyndman had an effective "finger" song.

Mr. B. Bass made a genial and popular "announcer." After the concert Messrs. R. and H. Castro provided music for dancing.

CANADIAN WINS KING'S PRIZE.

NARROW VICTORY IN SHOOT-OFF.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BISLEY, July 20.

Lieut. Colonel R. M. Blair, of Canada, to-day won the King's Prize.

The Canadian, Lieut. D. T. Burke and Lieut. Col. Blair tied with 233. Both made a bull's eye with their sighting shots then three consecutive bulls each in the tie shoot.

Blair won by one point in the shoot-off.

GENERAL PERSHING.

TO BE MINISTER TO JAPAN?

Washington, July 15.—Officials here to-day deprecated published reports that General John J. Pershing is under consideration for the Ambassadorship to Japan. It was stated that at present any reports of this nature are lacking in substantial basis.—United Press.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, July 19.

Paris	123.84
Geneva	25.22
Berlin	20.35
Oslo	18.20
Helsingfors	193
Athens	375
Buenos Aires	471
Hong Kong	1/11
New York	4.85
Amsterdam	12.08
Stockholm	18.09
Vienna	34.46
Madrid	33.36
Bucharest	815
Bombay	1/5 25/32
Yokohama	1/10 25/32
Brussels	34.90
Milan	62.74
Copenhagen	18.50
Prague	164
Lisbon	105.20
Rio	5
Shanghai	2/4
Silver (spot)	24 13/16
Silver (forward)	24

Money and Markets

HONG KONG MARKET REPORTS.

Yesterday's quotations for rice and other foodstuffs were as follow:—

Rice.	
Common White, Hung Muk	Per Picul.
Keng	\$10.52
Common White, Wu Muk	9.34
Keng	8.02
Common White, Luk San	7.66
Sing	6.47
Common White, Hung Sau	5.88
Sing	7.12
White Broken, Blue Seal	7.36
White granulated, Blue Seal	3.53
Long Unglutinous, Ching	3.12
Sing	7.98
Long Unglutinous, Hung	5.87
Sing	
White Bran, Sheung Pak	
Sin	
White Glutinous, Ching	
Hung Cherk	
White Glutinous, Green	
Sin	
Glutinous Granulated, No. 1	
Miscellaneous.	
Coarse granulated sugar, No. 24	\$ 7.43
Coarse granulated sugar, No. 18	6.78
Green Sugar, Manila	3.83
Sugar Candy	3.60
Groundnut Oil, Fongtze	21.60
Woodstar oil	38.00
Dried Prawn	88.00
Dried Yellow fungus	20.00
Fish maw	69.00

CANTON MARKET REPORTS.

Quotations of foodstuffs at the Canton market during the week-end were as follow:—

Rice.	
Common White, Annam	88.20-10.23
Common White, No. 3	9.05-9.80
Cargo Rice, Reddish	7.70-8.60
Paddy, Kwangtung	6.00-7.00
Common White, Kwangtung	7.50-11.50
White Broken, Foreign	55.75-6.64
White Bran, Foreign	3.35-3.47
Oils.	
Groundnut oil, Fongtze	21.60
Groundnut oil, Tung Wo	21.12
Cheong	21.10
Groundnut oil, Tsingtau	19.50
Camellia-nut oil	29.00
Wood-tar oil	17.40
Bean oil	
Flour.	
Banana Brand	22.92
Five Swallows	2.92
Red Leaf	2.84
Eagle	3.48
Kwan Tao	2.83
Kung Wo	2.73
Fruits.	
Orange, Luntou	\$25.70
Orange, Sunwui	25.50
Lychee, Hark Yip	10.00
Lung An	5.50
Mandarin Orange, Szeui	21.50
Water Chestnut, Kwella	5.50
White Olive, Lokong	11.80
Plum, Namwah	19.00
Pear, Tientin	25.70
Banana	4.60
Poultry.	
Pullet	\$75.60-108.50
Cock	77.50-95.20
Hen	57.50-75.80
Duck	57.90-62.50
Goose	51.40-61.80
Pork.	
Canton	Per Picul.
Shiuwuan	\$28.25
Wuchow	31.50
	28.20

CANTON RAW SILK MARKET.

REPORT WEEK ENDING JULY 16.

Owing to rumours to the effect that the 4th crop is not progressing as well as expected, sellers have slightly advanced their prices.

However, buyers have withdrawn, and the Canton market has been very quiet.

The present statistical position hardly allows a rise of prices in the near future; of the 1st, and 2nd crop, there remains an unsold balance of about 17,000 bales, which consists partly of silk stored in Canton, and cocoons up country still to be reeled. The 4th crop cocoons will be coming on the market within the next week, and this crop will probably yield 10,000 bales.

Quotations for July 16:—
\$930 for 14/18 N.S. Crack Chops.
\$845 for 20/22 N.S. Ex. Ex. A.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

July 20, 1929.	
H.K. Bank	\$1.250 nom.
Do.	\$1.250 nom.
Chartered Bank	\$1.191 buy.
Mercantile Bank, A. & B.	\$2.241 nom.
Do.	C. 2.251 nom.
F. & O. Bank	\$2.241 nom.
East Asia Bank	\$2.241 nom.
Canton Insurance	\$2.241 nom.
Union Insurance	\$2.241 nom.
North China Ins.	\$1.180 buy.
Yangtze Insurance	\$1.180 buy.
China Underwriters	\$1.180 buy.
China Fire Insurance	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Fire Ins.	\$1.180 buy.
Douglas	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Steamboats	\$2.241 buy, 25 sel.
Indo-China (Pref.)	\$4.71 buy.
Do. (Ord.)	\$4.71 buy.
Shall Transport	\$2.241 buy.
Union Waterworks	\$2.241 buy.
Beignets	\$1.180 buy.
Kailan Mining Admin.	\$2.241 buy.
Langkai (combined)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (single)	\$1.180 buy.
S'hai Explorations	\$1.180 buy.
Shanghai Loans	\$1.180 buy.
French Mines	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. & W. Wharfs	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. & W. Docks	\$1.180 buy.
China Provident	\$1.180 buy.
Hongkong	\$1.180 buy.
New Engineering	\$1.180 buy.
Shanghai Dock	\$1.180 buy.
S'hai Cottons	\$1.180 buy.
Oriental Cottons	\$1.180 buy.
S'hai Cottons (old)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Lands	\$1.180 buy.
Shanghai Lands	\$1.180 buy.
Humphreys Estates	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Realities	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Tramways	\$1.180 buy.
Peak Trams (old)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
Star Ferry	\$1.180 buy.
China Light	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Electric	\$1.180 buy.
Macao Electric	\$1.180 buy.
Bandana Lights	\$1.180 buy.
Telephones	\$1.180 buy.
China Buses	\$1.180 buy.
Shingpo Tractors	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (Pref.)	\$1.180 buy.
China Sugars	\$1.180 buy.
Malacca Sugars	\$1.180 buy.
Canton Ice	\$1.180 buy.
Cement (combined)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (old)	\$1.180 buy.
Do. (new)	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Ropes	\$1.180 buy.
United Asbestos	\$1.180 buy.
Latex Farms	\$1.180 buy.
Watson	\$1.180 buy.
Der A Wings	\$1.180 buy.
Lans Crawford	\$1.180 buy.
Mackintosh	\$1.180 buy.
Sincere	\$1.180 buy.
Wm. Powell	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Amusements	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Constructions	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. India, U. & Bend.	\$1.180 buy.
H.K. Gort. Loan	\$1.180 buy.
buy—buyers; sel.—sellers; ex.—sales nom.—nominal	

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY B.Z.W. ON 350 METRES.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.	
3.30 to 6.30 p.m.—Programme of Chinese music (records supplied by The Pleasant Co.).	
7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.	
8 p.m.—Evening programme. (Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.).	
"The Rose" (Arr. Myddleton), English Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.	
"He Hadn't Uttered Yesterday" and "Aren't Women Wonderful" Comedienne, Sophie Tucker.	
"The Lark" (Arr. Myddleton), Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.	
"Rhapsody" (Gilbert & Wayne) and "Dawning" American Duet-tists, Layton & Johnstone.	
"The Thistle" (Selection of Scottish Melodies), The Regimental Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.	
"Faust—Soldiers' Chorus" and "Faust—La Kermesse" Orchestra and Chorus of the Theatre National de l'Opera, Paris.	
"The Shamrock" Irish Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.	
"On Wings of Song" and "Ave Maria," J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.	
"Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1 in F" (Liszt) and "Rakoczy" (Berlioz) March, Ernest Von Dohnanyi and The Budapest Philharmonic Orchestra.	
"Baby's Sweetheart" and "Chanson" (In Love), J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.	
"Moment Musical" (Schubert) and "Mazurka" (Wienlawski), Russian Balalaika Orchestra.	
"La Cinquantaine" and "Gavotte" J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.	
"Don Juan" (R. Strauss), Tone Poem, Bruno Walter Conducting The Royal Philharmonic Orchestra.	
"Love's Old Sweet Song" and "Romeo" (Fibich), J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.	
"Softly Awakes My Heart" and "I Bacio," The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.	
"Speak" (Nichols) and "Parfum Du Peseo," J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.	
"The Belle of New York," Selection, The Band of H.M. Grenadier Guards.	

"WAKE UP, ENGLAND!"

JAPANESE COMPETITION IN THE TEXTILE TRADE.

WHY LANCASHIRE LOSES BUSINESS.

The ninth ordinary general meeting of Probst, Hanbury and Co., Ltd., was held on June 21 in London. In the absence of Mr. E. A. Probst (the chairman of the company), Mr. Cecil Hanbury, M.P., presided. He said he was pleased to be in a position to confirm the optimistic note struck at the meeting twelve months ago. Nothing sensational has occurred since then, China has undoubtedly moved in the direction of peace and security with the establishment of a Nationalist Government at Nanking, and trade has received a welcome fillip by comparison with the preceding year. "It would seem almost redundant for me to dwell at any length upon the vicissitudes which led up to this important denouement, or the difficulties which must still be expected in trading with a country of the size of China, at this early stage of her rebirth, as the Press of this country has kept us all so fully and reliably informed of current events there. I am glad, however, to be able to reassure you once more as to the cordial relations which exist to-day between the Chinese and ourselves. While our Foreign Office has played a great part in achieving this, we must claim some reward also for the humble merchant, whose destiny is inextricably interwoven with that of our Chinese friends in that great market."

Britain's Lost Looms.
With regard to the future, tremendous looms, he said must be made up before Great Britain can recover her former position in cotton goods in China and the East generally. "Our pre-war position in China alone was about 58 per cent., and this has been brought down to less than 16 per cent. to-day. Japanese owned or controlled mills in China and Chinese owned mills tend to grow in number, and will make up for ground lost to Osaka through the higher cost of living and production now being felt in Japan. To this alternative success may be added the use of Indian-grown cotton, which costs less than American. That Japan now provides China with nearly 70 per cent. of her requirements against 18.8 per cent. before the war bears eloquent testimony to her methods, and emphasises the serious reversal of the position previously occupied by Great Britain and Japan in China."

Improved Marketing Methods.
It is satisfactory to know that great efforts are now being made in Lancashire to improve her marketing arrangements, and I trust that the amalgamation of mills now taking place to produce in bulk at lower overhead costs will ultimately provide the solution of selling our goods more cheaply in China. I think it is timely, while on this subject, to appeal to the great finishing concerns in Lancashire to grant all the assistance possible in order to stem the further advance of our Japanese competitors, who miss no opportunity of entrenching themselves more strongly each year in the Chinese, Indian and other Near and Far Eastern markets. "I would like to suggest, for instance, that instead of granting concessions in respect of restricted finishes only and confined to certain grades of cloth, that finishing prices be reduced all round and for all markets, as by this method will it be possible for all the known standards now selling in our overseas markets to be disposed of in increasing quantities without further delay. It is often a question of two to five per cent. that prevents the acceptance of an offer to-day, and such a reduction in finishing costs would go a long way towards keeping the Japanese cloth from filling an order lost to Lancashire. To allow such concessions throughout the list may seem big steps, but courage is demanded in the cotton trade to-day, if Japanese penetration in China, India and all other Near and Far Eastern markets is to be checked."

Merchants "Pulling Their Weight."
"Compensation would accrue to the finishing houses of Lancashire for their lower scale of charges by the larger volume of orders, and though more work would undoubtedly be entailed, this would be all to the good, as the whole matter should be viewed imperially if Lancashire's cotton trade is to survive even its present deplorable position. I feel I cannot too strongly stress my plea for more help from the finishing end of the trade, for the efforts from these sources have hardly been serious to date. Merchants are 'pulling their weight' to the common end, as

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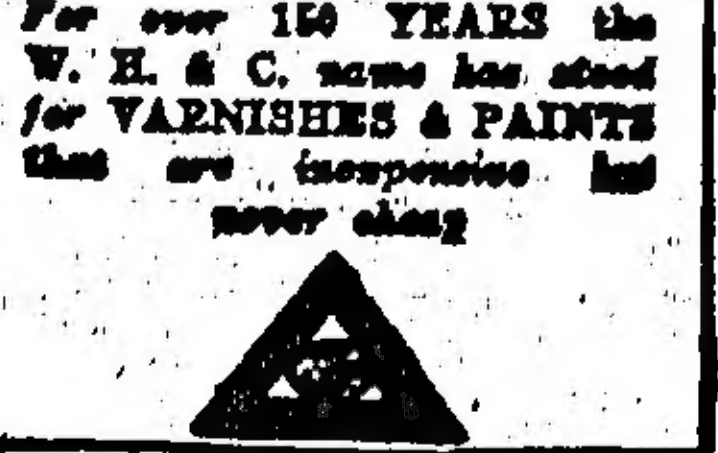
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smaller and persistently falling margins due to keener competition overseas will show, and a lowering in the direction of producing and finishing costs must be forthcoming to assist the merchant to keep his grip on the overseas orders, which are now too frequently lost. I am advised that a reduction of wages cost per unit in spinning, weaving, or finishing is called for in Lancashire, if we are successfully to compete with other countries. It would appear, therefore, that this question is synonymous with that of a reduction in the list of finishing costs, to which I have referred.

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THE S.S. TIJBADAK.

NEW JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN
LIJN STEAMER.

A FINE UP-TO-DATE SHIP.

The new Java-China-Japan Lijn steamer Tijbadak is expected to arrive at Hong Kong for the first time on Wednesday en route from Batavia to Shanghai.

This steamer was built in Holland at Krimpen on the Yssel by Messrs. N. V. C. van der Giesen and Zonen's Scheepswerven. The engines are by N. V. Koninklijke Maatschappij De Schelde, Flushing.

The steamer is classified A. I. Lloyd's Register and is a passenger-cargo ship fitted with modern equipment.

She has accommodation for 24 first class, 38 second class, 73 intermediate second class and a large number of deck passengers. The accommodation for first class passengers is on the bridge deck, consisting of a luxurious lounge and dining-room, 8 single cabins and 8 double cabins. The second class accommodation, aft on the poop deck, consists of a double and 10 three-berths cabins and the intermediate second class of 16 five-berths cabins. The tween-decks where deck passengers are accommodated are fitted with automatic ventilators. The officers and engineers are accommodated on the boat deck.

The engine-room installation consists of 4 Babcock and Wilcox boilers with a total heating surface of 12,000 square feet, for burning coal and oil-fuel. The engine is a 2600 H. P. turbine engine of the Parsons 2-cylinder type. The length of the steamer between perpendiculars is 431' 6", breadth 56', draught 28' 1". Loading capacity 9200 tons, gross register tonnage 7693, displacement 14600 tons. Speed 14 knots.

The steamer is equipped with wireless and radio direction finder. She carries a European surgeon. S.S. Tijbadak is an addition to the well-known fleet of the Java-China-Japan Lijn to be proud of and as the steamer will be plying between Java, Hong Kong, Amoy, and Shanghai, it is expected that the excellent first-class passenger accommodation will induce many tourists to visit the beautiful islands of the Dutch East Indian Archipelago.

A reception will be held on board on Thursday afternoon July 25, when those interested will have a chance to visit this up-to-date steamer.

COCK-FIGHTING IN
SINGAPORE.ANIMAL DEALER'S CON-
VICTION UPHOLD.

The appeal of Mr. W. L. S. Baapah, the well-known Singapore wild animal dealer, who was convicted of abetment of the offence of cock-fighting, and fined \$50 in the police court recently, was heard before the Chief Justice (Sir William Murray).

Mr. O. H. da Silva, for the appellant, said one of the grounds of the appeal was that the magistrate was wrong in holding that accused had been guilty of abetment by omission.

Reading the evidence, Mr. da Silva stopped at the place where the prosecution witnesses said they went straight in without telling appellant there was cock-fighting. Mr. da Silva remarked that there was no evidence that the alleged cock-fighting, which accused was convicted of abetting because he omitted to stop it, was brought to appellant's notice.

His Lordship: There were feathers on the ground.
Mr. da Silva: I am not going to suggest that someone did not indulge in cock-fighting. The real issue was, did the appellant know of it?

In answer to a question by his Lordship, as to how the appellant came in, Mr. da Silva stated that the cock-fighting took place in appellant's compound.
"Mr. da Silva said the submission in the Court below had been that to be guilty of abetment the appellant must have done some overt act, actually aiding or doing something in consequence of which it was possible to commit the offence. But the magistrate had been, impressed by the suggestion of criminal omission.

His Lordship: When you let other people come on your ground, do you do anything?

Mr. da Silva: But what if I do not know of it?
Mr. da Silva added that the case for the defence had been that the appellant did not know that any cock-fighting was taking place. Counsel read evidence that appellant came out of his house, into the compound only after the prosecution officers went in.
The appeal was dismissed.

CARE OF SOLDIERS'
WIDOWS.78TH ANNUAL REPORT OF
ROYAL CAMBRIDGE
HOME.SEVERAL APPLICANTS ON
WAITING LIST.

Presiding at the 78th annual court of the Royal Cambridge Home for Soldiers' Widows, the Duke of Connaught expressed regret at the death of Lady Cambridge, who only a short time ago resigned her position as one of the presidents of the institution. The present Lady Cambridge had consented to fill the vacancy.

He was sorry also to have to record the death of Sir Frederick Stopford, who last year resigned the chairmanship of the general committee. He was pleased to be able to say that the year under review had been satisfactory. The home was full, and the number of widows on the out-pension list was complete. There were 16 approved candidates on the waiting list, and applications continued to come in.

Repairs to Building.
In spite of the severe winter, the health of the inmates had been wonderfully good. This was undoubtedly due to the care and attention bestowed on them by the lady superintendent, her staff, and the medical officer. They had been able to continue the supply of extra coal and the annual clothing allowance granted in 1928. They received a donation from the Royal Tourist Fund of £150.

In 1928 he told them that it was necessary to expend £200 in repairs and underpinning the foundations of the building, and they had hoped that the damage due to the instability of the soil on which the foundations were built had been arrested. He regretted that this hope had not been realized. There had been a further movement of the soil, and more underpinning was found necessary. The lowest estimate for this work amounted to £200.

It had been found that ladies who were governors could be represented on the general committee. Consequently, in accordance with the rules, the following ladies had been elected: Lady Milne, Lady Brathwaite, Lady Birch, and Lady Cave.

Report Adopted.
Colonial Sir Augustus Fitz-Gordon, chairman of the committee, seconded the adoption of the report, and said that although the accounts for 1928 might be considered satisfactory they were in some respects disappointing. They began the year with a review with a credit balance of £150, and ended with a balance of £150.

In 1927 they were able to invest £737, but in 1928 only £238. It had been their policy for several years past to make such investments as were possible in order to counter-balance the loss of income due to diminution of annual subscriptions and donations. He regretted to say that this diminution was now an annual recurrence.

The Duke of Connaught urged them to strive to get more people to take an interest in the work of the home. There were few institutions like it, and it was a great thing to know that soldiers' widows could be provided for.

They might, perhaps, be able to devise some means to meet such calls as those for underpinning and other necessary matters, and he greatly hoped that in another year they would be able to have a more satisfactory statement.

Major-General H. W. Duperier, Lieut.-Col. H. Hamilton-Wedderburn, and Major R. H. Raymond Smythies were re-elected members of the committee.

HEALTH BULLETIN OF
EASTERN PORTS.

The Health Bulletin of Eastern Ports for the week ending July 13 was as follows:—

Plague.
Port Said: 1 case.
Baghdad: 1 case.
Bangkok: 2 cases, 1 death.
Bassora: 3 deaths.
Cholera.
Calcutta: 29 deaths.
Taticorin: 2 cases, 2 deaths.
Bangkok: 2 cases, 1 death.
Pnom Penh: 2 cases, 1 death.
Saigon: 6 cases, 4 deaths.
Canton: 1 case, 1 death.
Swatow: 2 deaths.
Small-pox.
Berbera: 1 case.
Aden: 21 cases, 4 deaths.
Bombay: 21 cases, 15 deaths.
Calcutta: 3 cases, 3 deaths.
Karachi: 3 cases, 1 death.
Madras: 9 cases, 12 deaths.
Moulmein: 4 cases, 3 deaths.
Negapatnam: 1 case.
Rangoon: 2 cases.
Mascasser: 4 cases, 3 deaths.
Pnom Penh: 1 case, 1 death.
Canton: 3 cases, 1 death.
Dairen: 1 case, 2 deaths.
Swatow: 2 deaths.
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis.
Shanghai: 5 deaths.

FRENCH WAR
DEBTS.M. CAILLAUX'S HISTORY OF
NEGOTIATIONS.

LOST OPPORTUNITIES.

"The Paris-Midi recently published an interview on the debt question with M. Caillaux, whose opinion is that the debt agreements with England and America should be ratified forthwith, and that no other course is possible. In default of ratification, he says, the interest will accumulate by hundreds of millions of francs, and France will be obliged to pay to America, on August 1, a sum of \$30,000,000, which can be economised, by signing the agreements.

In the course of the interview, M. Caillaux said that when he was in Washington he was told by a "very important personage" that if the sentimental arguments in favour of annulling the debts had been urged on the American Government in 1919 they might have prevailed, but successive French Governments preferred what M. Caillaux called "the policy of the ostrich," and let the matter slide. Meanwhile, the interest on the debts accumulated, and in the case of the debt to England, reached the sum of \$200,000,000.

A Mistake Alleged.

The French Government, said M. Caillaux, refused, in 1923, Mr. Boner Law's offer to annul the debt to England, and then Mr. Baldwin resigned himself to an agreement for the payment of the English debt to America in 62 years.

It then became impossible for France to hold out any longer. The Americans held the cognisance payable at sight and ratified by the French Parliament. The English held French Treasury bonds, and in 1923, through the weakness of the French Government, a contract was made between the Bank of France and the Bank of England giving "incredible advantages" to the latter.

M. Caillaux says that when he went to Washington he offered America \$1,100,000,000 (\$220,000,000) and raised the offer up to \$1,750,000,000 (\$350,000,000), but with a safeguard clause. The matter was not concluded, and France was afterwards obliged to consent to pay \$2,000,000,000 (\$400,000,000) without a safeguard clause.

In a recent official communication of the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, M. Caillaux says, it had been alleged, no doubt by mistake, that the amount that France would be obliged to pay to England under her agreement amounted to 96 per cent of the original debt. In fact it was only 47 per cent, and the debt agreement with America represented 49 per cent of the total original debt.

JAPAN'S ATTITUDE TO
DISARMAMENT.

POINTS OF POLICY.

(THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.)

TOKYO, July 19.

The Cabinet session to-day was largely devoted to a discussion of limitation of armaments, following Baron Shidehara's report on the subject.

It is understood authoritatively that the main points of policy agreed upon at this meeting or previously fixed are, substantially as follows:—

1.—Japan is most willing to participate in an Arms Conference seeking a positive reduction, not merely limitation.
2.—Japan is ready to leave the venue and other preliminary details to Anglo-American discussion.
3.—Japan does not desire to be the host of such Conference.
4.—Japan will support the simplest possible form of the "yard stick."
It is learned that the Tokyo Government has convinced Baron Matsudaira and Mr. Debuchi that it has been apprised of all Anglo-American disarmament developments and is fully satisfied to allow the early stages of the discussions to continue along present lines.

FIRES IN ANGORA.

1,000 HOUSES BURNT.

(THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 19.

A considerable portion of the town of Angora has been ravaged by fire, which was fanned by a strong wind.

It is estimated that over a thousand shops and houses have been destroyed.

The number of dead is unknown, but six bodies have so far been found in the debris.

Mustapha Kemal (Turkey's President) is personally directing the operations of the firemen.

WIFE'S SHOTS AT
HER SISTER.CASE "MORE DRAMATIC
THAN MANY NOVELS."

JEALOUSY MOTIVE.

"The case is a most unhappy one, and more dramatic than many novels. There is no more powerful motive for such a tragedy than jealousy, and there is evidence here of long, burning jealousy."

These were the words of Mr. Justice McCardie at the Old Bailey, when Mrs. Annie Emma Charman, aged forty-three, of Ripley, was accused of attempting to murder her sister, Mrs. Brown, also of Ripley, by shooting at her.

The jury found Mrs. Charman not guilty of this charge, but guilty of shooting with intent to do grievous bodily harm, with the "strongest recommendation to mercy."

Mr. Justice McCardie bound Mrs. Charman over in her own recognisances in £20 to come up for judgment if called on.

Report of a Gun.

Mr. Percival Clarke, prosecuting, said that the sisters and their families were close friends until the death of Mr. Brown. There was then unpleasantness in consequence of attentions paid by Mr. Charman to Mrs. Brown, and Mrs. Charman and her husband separated. Mr. Charman then left to lodge with Mrs. Brown.

"This apparently rankled in Mrs. Charman's mind for a long time, and she determined to put an end to the association by shooting Mrs. Brown and taking her own life."

Mrs. Brown was at work when she heard the report of a gun and bullets whizzed past her. She then saw Mrs. Charman in a field a few yards away with a gun in her hand.

Mrs. Brown ran to a neighbour's house, but before she could reach there another shot was fired. This also missed.

Mrs. Charman followed her to the house, thrust the muzzle of the gun inside the window, and fired again. A milkman grappled with her and took the gun away. She then attacked her sister and tore her blouse off.

Sealed Letters.

Mrs. Charman said to the policeman when she was arrested, "I intended to do her in and then do myself in." She handed over a number of sealed letters.

One of these, addressed to the coroner contained the following passage:—
"When I am gone things can rest. I am sorry for my children and my husband, but I can see no other way out of it."

She wrote to her husband:—
"Dear Jack, I hope you will look after your children and bring them up. May they never be treated as I have been. I am very sad, but with the best of luck for the rest of your life—Nance."

Mrs. Charman wrote in a letter to her daughter: "Jack need not follow me to the churchyard. Let him follow Mrs. Brown. He thinks more of her."

She wrote to the police: "I know after I am gone they will put it down as insane, but I am far from it."

Mrs. Charman, giving evidence, said that she had been married for twenty years, and had been the mother of thirteen children, nine of whom were living. She and her husband lived happily until after the death of Mr. Brown.

She then found that her husband was going out with Mrs. Brown, and they were spending week-ends together. She felt so depressed at times that she used to sit down and write letters, most of which she put on the fire.

Mrs. Charman stated in reply to Mr. P. Beecham, defending, that she did not intend to shoot her sister, but to frighten her. She fired at the ground.
Superintendent Bashier, of Woking, said that Mrs. Charman's family of thirteen children included twins on four occasions. All who knew Mrs. Charman regarded her as a good mother. She had done her best in extremely adverse circumstances.

CHINESE IN THE
PHILIPPINES.MORE STRINGENT CUSTOMS
RULES.

Manila, July 18.—While a steady stream of deported Chinese is leaving Manila on account of failure to comply with immigration regulations, Customs officials to-day announced that stricter rules and more careful supervision of Customs brokers and bonding agents in the Philippines is resulting in a gradual reduction of Chinese immigration, to the Philippines.

Philippine business men and politicians have recently become exercised over the rapid influx of Chinese, and have demanded more stringent action to prevent their entry, either by legal means or by smuggling from the coast.

United Press.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived by the s.s. President Jefferson:—
For Hong Kong: Mr. W. L. Beckham, Mr. C. L. Chan, Mrs. F. Costa, Master E. Costa, Miss A. Costa, Mrs. D. Kausch, Mr. D. S. Woo, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Huang, Mrs. T. K. Huang, Master C. S. Huang, Mrs. C. W. Hubbard, Miss Dorothy Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Joseph, Miss Lucia Joseph, Mrs. Lam Bark Koo, Mr. E. A. Kooch, Mr. Wong, Yick Kwai, Mr. F. K. Lam, Mr. H. Y. Lai, Mr. F. C. Lee, Mr. S. D. Lee, Mrs. G. G. Logan, Miss Katherine Logan, Mr. R. W. Math-tani, Mr. G. E. Morrow, Mr. O. M. S. Oliveira, Mr. Wong Yung Pak, Miss W. Schneider, Mr. F. Hook Sun, Mr. Y. M. Tsang, Mr. Alfred T. Terkelson, Mr. and Mrs. San Tong, Mr. S. M. Tong, Mr. and Mrs. K. H. Tsang, Mr. J. K. Utum, Mr. Z. L. Van, Mr. D. W. Vaavane, Mr. Y. M. Yang, Mr. H. L. Wong, Mr. Y. K. Wong, For Manila: Miss Grace Baker, Mr. H. L. Dong, Mrs. L. A. Hurt, Miss Nancy Hurt, Mr. H. Kosh, Mr. Go Yui Lin, Mr. R. M. Langley, Mr. J. B. Nicklin, Mr. G. A. McKinnock, Miss Leota Roberts, Mr. Vincente Sotto, Mr. G. A. Thelin, Miss F. A. Welts, Mr. R. O. Warrington, Miss Jean Wilson.

The following passengers arrived by the s.s. Hakusan Maru from London and ports:—Mr. F. Collier, Miss L. Y. Chong, Mr. Po-Hang, Chin, Mr. L. H. Foulds, Mrs. and Miss Foulds, Mr. T. K. Le Gate, Mrs. H. M. Le Gate, Mr. T. Mantson, Mr. M. Takefujii, Mr. H. A. Rooney, Mrs. and Master Rooney, Mrs. Wai Fong Chaw Yip, Mr. and Mrs. Silver, Mr. E. Bradshaw, Mr. E. L. Gaud, Mr. H. Hashimoto, Mr. B. Mizuno, Mr. T. Sugano, Mr. C. Yau, Mr. L. T. Wai, Mr. C. H. Fuller, Mrs. and Master Fuller, Mr. T. Fukuda, Mrs. Gow and child, Mr. L. E. Holbrook, Mr. and Mrs. Heley, Mr. D. Phillips, Mr. P. J. Stoneman, Mrs. Stoneman and child, Mr. M. Tomizaki, Mr. H. Ando, Mr. R. Akune, Mr. J. Hameda, Mr. T. Hosoi, Mr. H. Hirokawa, Mrs. and Master Hirokawa, Mr. M. Ishiwata, Mr. S. Ikushima, Mr. S. Kurushima, Mr. K. Konishi, Mr. K. Murakami, Mr. M. Mitooka, Mr. K. Matsuka, Mr. J. Matsunaga, Mrs. A. Matsunaga, Mr. K. Miyano, Mr. S. Mishiha, Mr. S. Miyashita, Mr. T. Nozawa, Mr. E. Nakano, Mr. S. Nohi, Mr. E. Nakai, Mr. J. Nakano, Mr. C. Shinomura, Mr. S. Sattuma, Mr. K. See, Mr. H. Shibamoto, Mr. and Mrs. Saito, Mr. G. Sumino, Mrs. K. Suzuki, Mr. T. Suzuki, Mr. M. Senda, Mr. S. Tsuchiya, Mr. R. Taki, Mr. T. Takanashi, Mr. K. Takanashi, Mr. T. Tanaka, Mrs. Tanaka and three children, Mr. M. Takahashi, Mr. U. Uematsu, Mr. T. Uehara, Mr. J. Yamada, Mr. T. Yawawa, Mr. M. Yamashita, Mr. and Mrs. Yamazuchi and child, Mr. Y. Yamamoto, Mrs. Yamashita and three children, Mr. U. Yasui, Mr. T. M. Mihne.

Departures.

The following passengers left by the P. & O. s.s. Khiva for London and ports on Saturday:—Mr. H. F. Adams, Mr. S. Ashworth, Mr. E. Allen, Mr. L. Beckham, Mr. J. A. Binham, Mr. J. W. Bell, Mrs. A. Burleigh, Miss J. Bryson, Mr. R. J. Ballantyne, Lt.-Col. G. R. B. Back, R.N., Mr. Chang Shing Fook, Mr. S. H. Cork, Mr. Cheun Fun Nam, Mr. Chan Geok Eng, Mr. and Mrs. M. Chi, Mr. L. C. Chye, St. H. Cowes, Mr. J. M. Dalgarro, Act. Sub-Lt. R. A. Ewing, R.N., Mrs. D. Fansch, Mr. J. Findlater, Mr. D. P. Field, Mr. J. J. Greenland, Lt. H. L. Gilbert, R.N., Mrs. P. Gain and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Chun Um, Mr. A. Hicks, Act. Sub-Lt. M. L. Hardie, R.N., Lt.-Col. H. E. Heaton, R.N., Mrs. A. L. Hong and infant, Mr. A. W. Hayward, Mr. O. Y. Hui, Capt. W. H. R. E. Hannay, Mr. T. W. Hagarth, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Johnson, Miss M. Karslake, Mr. Ko Pok Cho, Mr. Kwok Cheuk Kwan, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Kwok, Mr. C. Khin, Mr. M. Kitajima, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Latham, Master W. G. H. Latham, Mr. H. E. M. Ledgard, Mr. W. A. Lacey, Mr. Lau Ping, Mr. Loh Kye Seah, Mr. Lim Yew Poh, Act. Sub-Lt. J. R. B. Longden, R.N., Act. Sub-Lt. J. S. H. Lawrence, R.N., Rev. R. D. Lord, Mr. H. A. Marsden, Mrs. J. W. C. McLennan and infant, Mr. J. B. Moran, Miss C. C. Munro, Mrs. Mar Hol, Mr. N. Menasche, Mr. J. Murray, Act. Sub-Lt. J. C. Mason, R.N., Surg. Lt. E. E. Malone, R.N., Mr. and Mrs. E. R. McDonald, Miss N. McDonald, Mr. F. Mosh, Mr. B. Naromal, Major G. M. H. Ogilvy, Mr. F. S. O'Hara, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Parr, Mrs. Pike, Lt. W. H. Roberts, R.N., Miss M. Rudd, Mrs. E. Robertson and three children, Mr. F. H. F. Swayne, Mrs. F. Stobie, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Shaw, Mr. L. G. Seng, Mr. G. E. Sibley, Mr. B. J. Sole, Mr. Y. L. Shu, Mr. E. K. Teao, Mr. Tong Yim Lu, Mr. Tang Chi Kwun, Mr. and Mrs. Teu Lay Seng, Act. Sub-Lt. R. T. Tyrrhitt, R.N., Lt. Cpl. P. R. Thomas, Miss L. G. Teen, Mr. C. E. Teat, Mr. Wong Chok Man, Mr. Wong Ping Yin, Mr. J. Waine, Mr. C. W. Wu, Mr. Y. T. Wang and Miss J. W. Warren.

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Pres. Monroe, Sun., July 23, 8 Pres. Garfield, Sun., 8 p.m.
Pres. Wilson, Sun., Aug. 11, 8 Pres. Polk, Sun., Sept. 22, 8
Pres. Van Buren, Aug. 25, 8 Pres. Adams, Sun., Oct. 6, 8

To Manila

Pres. Grant, July 30, 6 p.m. Pres. Madison, Aug. 17, 6 p.m.
Pres. Lincoln, Aug. 3, 6 p.m. Pres. Pierce, Aug. 27, 6 p.m.
Pres. Cleveland, Aug. 13, 6 p.m. Pres. Jackson, Aug. 31, 6 p.m.

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SWATOW, FOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW" ... On 22nd July, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG" ... On 24th July, 2 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIKONG	"TEAN" ... On 25th July, 11 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"LIANGCHOW" ... On 25th July, 5 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG" ... On 28th July, 8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUICHOW" ... On 28th July, 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KIANGSU" ... On 28th July, Noon
SHANGHAI	"YINGCHOW" ... On 29th July, 4 p.m.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KWEIYANG" ... On 31st July, 10 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI" ... On 4th Aug., 8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KATING" ... On 4th Aug., Noon
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW" ... On 6th Aug., 11 a.m.

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ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.	SPHINX ... 27th Aug.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.	ANGERS ... 10th Sept.
SPHINX ... 24th Sept.	G. METZINGER ... 24th Sept.
ANGERS ... 8th Oct.	ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.
G. METZINGER ... 22nd Oct.	PORTHOS ... 22nd Oct.
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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	HONG KONG	JULY 20, 1929.										JULY 21, 1929.									
		Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	State of Sky	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Clouds	State of Sky	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind
Wladivostok	12	29.72	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE
Nemuro	11	29.72	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE	3	...	...	...	29.70	75.5	...	SE
Hokodate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tokio	...	29.78	76.5	...	E	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kobe	...	29.84	75.8	...	E	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	29.84	76.0	...	W	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	...	29.90	75.5	...	W	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	29.90	75.5	...	SE	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.80	75.5	...	SE	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ishigaki	...	29.78	75.5	...	SSW	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	29.70	75.5	...	ESE	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	15	29.76	75.5	94	64	S	1	b	6	29.71	75.4	80	92	SSW	1	o	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.80	75.5	93	67	ESE	3	b	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gutai	...	29.87	75.7	82	92	SE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sharp Peak	...	29.69	75.4	84	87	S	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy	...	29.55	75.0	84	87	SE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	29.61	75.2	84	84	SE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taiheku	11	29.71	75.5	90	66	ENE	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	...	29.75	75.7	86	...	NNW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	...	29.74	75.5	84	...	SSE	4	r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshun	...	29.76	75.0	77	...	...	0	r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	29.72	75.4	81	...	SSW	4	r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	29.55	75.0	86	75	SW	2	o	...	29.60	75.1	78	95	NW	1	or	...	29.60	75.1	78	95
Gap Rock	...	29.56	75.0	...	...	...	4	o	...	29.50	75.1	...	...	...	4	o	...	29.55	75.0	...	...
Macao	...	29.52	74.9	93	77	SSW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoihow	...	29.51	74.9	89	74	SW	1	o	...	29.55	75.1	79	91	WSW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.63	75.2	85	79	SW	5	o	...	29.65	75.3	79	91	WSW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Phu Lien	15	29.46	74.8	93	67	WSW	2	o	...	29.49	74.9	82	...	...	...	...	...	29.49	74.9	82	...
Tourane	...	29.58	75.1	90	...	NNE	2	o	...	29.60	75.1	82	...	...	...	...	...	29.60	75.1	82	...
Cape St. James	...	29.78	75.3	81	...	SW	6	o	...	29.79	75.6	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beaco	14	29.74	75.5	84	87	SE	4	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aparri	...	29.78	75.1	90	66	N	2	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuaguarao	...	29.72	75.4	93	64	...	0	o	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.73	75.1	86	75	SSW	4	o	...	29.74	75.4	77	96	SE	1	o	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.76	75.0	86	71	SW	4	o	...	29.72	75.4	79	91	SW	1	o	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.75	75.3	90	72	SW	2	o	...	29.76	75.0	79	89	WSW	2	o	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	29.80	75.6	86	71	SW	4	o	...	29.78	75.3	77	89	N	4	o	...	...	...	...	...
Tacolban	...	29.80	75.9	82	77	SSW	4	o	...	29.76	75.0	81	80	SW	4	o	...	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	29.78	75.3	86	61	SW	4	o	...	29.76	75.0	79	84	SSW	4	o	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	29.79	75.6	86	75	SW	2	o	...	29.76	75.0	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	...	29.73	75.1	...	SE	2	o	...	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.73	75.1	...	SE	2	o	...	...	29.73	75.1	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.74	75.4	...	WNW	2	r	...	...	29.78	75.6	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.80	75.9	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	75.7	77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.82	75.7	88	84	SW	2	b	...	29.82	75.7	78	86	SW	2	b	...	...	...	...	...

July 21d. 10A. 56m.—Returns are lacking from Formosa and most stations north of Fochow. Pressure is probably highest near the Bonins, and relatively low over Tongking. A depression or typhoon is indicated to the northward of Yap.

Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.78 inch. Total since January 1, 25.42 inches, against an average of 47.05 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JULY 22.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamocks
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, July 21.

Previous On Date On Date

Day at at at

at 4 p.m. 10 a.m. 4 p.m.

Barometer ... 29.53 29.63 29.59

Temperature ... 85 85 82

Humidity ... 77 76 86

Wind ... S S Calm

Direction ... S S Calm

Force ... 0 0 0

Weather ... 0 0 0

Rain ... 0.00 0.00 1.03

Highest open-air Temperature, 20.87

Lowest open-air Temperature, 21.78

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning;

M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

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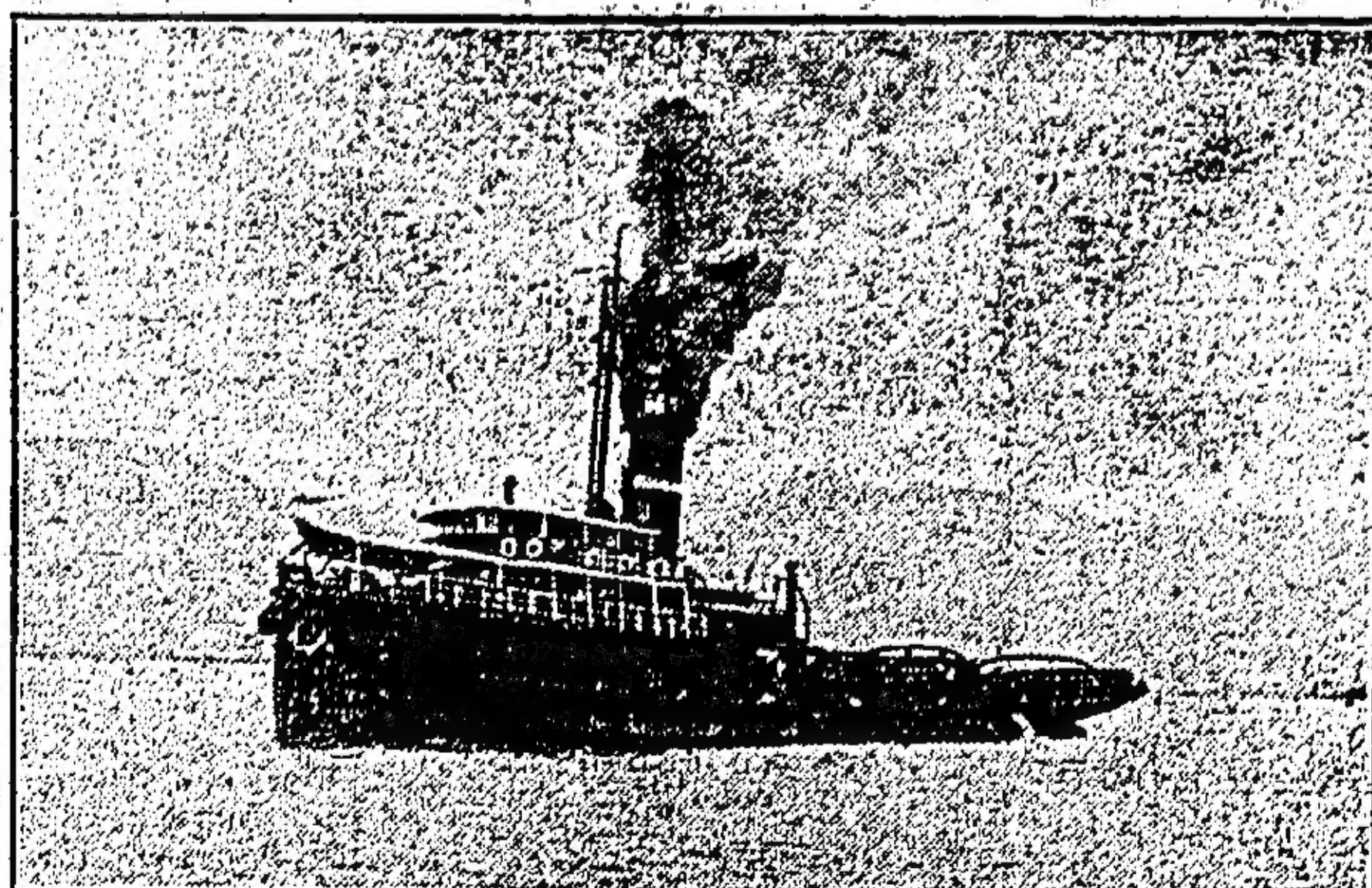
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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAI via SWATOW & SHANGHAI ...	"KWAISANG" "KWONGSANG" "FOOSHING" "HOPSANG"	Wed., 24th July, at Noon Sun., 28th July, at Noon Wed., 31st July, at Noon Sun., 4th Aug., at Noon
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"NAMSANG" "YUENSANG" "SUISANG" "KUMSANG"	Wed., 24th July, at 10 a.m. Thurs., 1st Aug., at 7 a.m. Fri., 10th Aug., at 7 a.m. Fri., 3rd Aug., at 7 a.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"KUTSANG"	Wed., 31st July, at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG" "MAUSANG"	Mon., 22nd July, at 3 p.m. Tues., 6th Aug., at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN	"CHIPSHING"	Sun., 28th July, at 10 a.m.

